Eurasian Research Bulletin



Modern methods of information exchange in polyclinic conditions

Abdullayeva Sanobar	Assistant of the Department of Informatics and Information				
Berdiyevna	Technologies of SamDTU				
Maxmudova Zarina	Assistant of the Department of Informatics and Information				
Ilhomovna	Technologies of SamDTU				
Khojakulov Shakhriyor	Student of Samarkand				
Shakirovich Ogli	State Medical University				

SSTRAC

The purpose of this study is to develop an application in the field of medicine based on the perspective of patients in polyclinics of the Republic of Uzbekistan. In the medical field, the software development process has been ongoing since technology has partnered with it. Therefore, the author decided to develop two programs. One is a mobile app and the other is a web app. Two programs for patients.

This research is divided into four stages of work. First, it examines the stage of requirements for applications with local polyclinics. Second, determine the program design based on the results of the requirements phase. Third, the user design and programming code are applied to the software prototypes, and there is also a testing phase to find some bugs. At the end of the phase, the final apps will be released and the final version will be the testing phase to make sure the apps work well.

The results of the study show that applications perform well with features that match the stage of requirements. The presence of applications can be changed enough to improve functionality.

REVWOLUS.	Polyclinics,	programs,	patients,	medical	diagnosis,	technology,
	Rapid application development (RAD)					

1. Methodology

1. Mobile application development methodology uses rapid application development (RAD). Agile application development is a form of development designed to achieve faster development and better results than the traditional life cycle.

According to James Martin's approach, there are four stages of RAD, namely:

2. Requirements planning
In this phase, the stakeholders of this project discuss and agree on the business needs, project scope, constraints and system requirements. It ends when the team agrees on key issues and receives

- permission from management to proceed.
- 3. Special design
 Users interact with system analysts to
 develop models and prototypes that
 represent all system processes, inputs,
 and outputs. User design is an ongoing
 interactive process that involves
 understanding, modifying, and
 ultimately validating a workable system
 model.
- 4. 4. Construction stage
 This phase focuses on curriculum and application. However, users can suggest changes or improvements while the reports are being developed. At this

stage, a prototype is created, but it is modified in subsequent designs until the final fit of the working system is achieved.

5. Switching stage

This phase is the final phase, which includes data transformation, testing, migration to the new system, and user training. Compared to traditional methods, the whole process is compressed. As a result, the new system can be built, delivered and put into operation much faster.

2. Results And Discussion

The application uses the work of two components such as Client and Server. The server is needed to provide functions used to interact with the client. These applications require an Internet connection to store and transfer application data. User authentication is required to access data. For this, the patient must register an account.

Android devices access the JSON message issued by the administrator to retrieve data from MySQL. Also, if the mobile app can send data to the server through the API, such as new user registration data, the API will process the data and insert it into MySQL over the network. The features required in this application are:

- Login and registration activities
- Sending data to the database server.
- Display information in the client interface.

Database table structure

The patient table is used to store patient information. This information is used in almost all parts of the mobile application system.

Physician Schedule Table, this table is used to store information about the physician schedule for which polyclinic specialists are available.

Reservation Table This table is used to store information about new visits. Also, this table is used to display the list of views.

Prescription Table This table is used to store prescription information for all patients.

Diagnosis table, this table is used to store diagnosis information for all patients.

User table, this table is used to store the login information for the web application.

_session Table, this table is used to store the session login information for the web application.

The mobile app has two user interface designs for the patient and the web app for the administrator. The user interface for the mobile application is built according to the Android scheme.

Design using XML language. The user interface design for the web application is built using PHP and CSS.

Android UI design

• Login screen.

When you launch the app, the first thing you see is the login screen. The login screen has two text input fields and 2 buttons. Two text input fields for Patient ID (NIP) and Date of Birth. There are two buttons, register button and login button. The signup button links directly to the signup screen. The login button connects to the main menu screen.

Registration screen

The registration screen has a registration form with fields to enter any type of information required by the system. There are two buttons, a register button and a cancel button. The registration button processes the entered data to the server.

If the registration is successful, the system will provide the patient ID.

• Main menu screen

The main menu contains all the functions available in the mobile application. There are six image buttons representing the menu. Each image button has its own link to each action. This screen shows the page that appears after the user has successfully logged in with a valid account.

New review

This feature includes three user interfaces: Lookup Table, Table List, and Table Details. The search graph has a single input text that, if the user clicks on it, opens a date dialog, as well as a spinner representing clinic services and a single search button.

The Scheduled Doctors List screen has a list view that contains information from the Scheduled Doctors database. Each table has a link to the detailed table screen. The "Schedule Details" screen displays text containing information about the doctors on the schedule. There is a button for the schedule book process. After that, there will be a token number assigned by the system.

• List view screen

This screen is a template for the three functions of the mobile application. Three functions: prescription list, prescription list and diagnosis list. The three functions have the same screen layout. Screen layouts include a list view that contains a list of data from the database. The appointment list shows appointment dates that have not yet been applied for. The list of prescriptions shows the date of the prescriptions. The list of diagnoses contains information about the patient's diagnoses.

Web user interface design

• Login screen

The web application login page is a standard page that displays the username and password fields that must be filled in to access the main menu system. Like any other web page, this page has two entry fields and a button to continue the process. After clicking the "Login" button, the program checks whether the username and password match the database. After that, the login verification page will appear. This page is for username verification and will be displayed to the administrator if the current username remains elsewhere.

Home page

The home screen is the screen page that appears after an administrator successfully logs in. This page has 5 main menus, each with several submenus. The main menu is presented in the main tab, and the sub-menu is presented in the subtab. All menus have a table that provides information for each menu. There are several action buttons on the table, the function of which depends on the selected menu.

3. CONCLUSION

This study proves that a mobile application can use linked files from a web application to support application functionality. Data transfer can be more visual and convenient when using an Android device.

Based on the results of system development and testing, several conclusions can be drawn from applications:

- 1. An Android app may use some files on the Internet to support app functionality.
- 2. Android application gets information easily, quickly and flexibly.
- 3. All information is displayed based on the user logged into the application.
- 4. A web application helps manage the data going in and out of the mobile application.

References:

- 1. Вохидов А. М. и др. Разработка Графическим Пользовательским Интерфейсом-Программ В Пакете Тkinter С Использованием Современных Педагогических Технологий В Области Медицины //Miasto Przyszłości. 2022. Т. 30. С. 181-184.
- 2. Vohidov D., Maxmudova Z., Sayfullayev YO'NALISHIDA **TIBBIYOT ZAMONAVIY** PEDAGOGIK TEXNOLOGIYALARINI Q0 **'LLAB** TKINTER **PAKETIDA** GUI DASTURLARINI TUZISH //Eurasian Journal of Mathematical Theory and Computer Sciences. - 2022. - T. 2. - №. 12. - C. 31-35.
- 3. Voxidov A. M. et al. TIBBIY-BIOLOGIK TADQIQOTLARDA STATISTIK TAHLIL JARAYONLARI //Academic research in educational sciences. 2022. T. 3. №. 3. C. 287-293.
- 4. Melitoshevich V. A., Alikulovich V. D. Main Issues of Statistical Analysis in Medical Research //Eurasian Research Bulletin. 2022. T. 13. C. 129-132.
- 5. Vohidov A. Structural semantic characteristic of lexis in" Ghiyas-ullughot: дис. Dissertation abstract of Cand. Sci. in Phil./A. Vohidov.-Dushanbe, 1975.-33.
- 6. Melitoshevich V. A., Alikulovich V. D. Development by a Graphic User Interface-Programs in the Tkinter Package Using Modern Pedagogical Technologies in the Field of Medicine //Miasto Przyszłości. 2023. T. 32. C. 13-17.
- 7. Alikulovich V. D., Melitoshevich V. A. Use of Interactive and Modern Pedagogical

- Software in the Process of Freelancing Sites in Medicine //Eurasian Scientific Herald. 2023. T. 17. C. 1-6.
- 8. Voxidov A. et al. TIBBIYOT UNIVERSITETI PEDIATRIYA FAKULTETI TALABALARI UCHUN TA'LIMDA ISHLAB CHIQISH AMALIYOTINING KONTEKST SIFATIDA TA'LIM //Eurasian Journal of Academic Research. 2023. T. 3. №. 2 Part 4. C. 150-154.
- 9. Abdullayeva S., Maxmudova Z., Xujakulov S. TIBBIY TA'LIMDA VR TEXNOLOGIYA //Eurasian Journal of Academic Research. 2022. T. 2. №. 11. C. 1140-1144.
- 10. Abdusamatovich K. S., Olimjonovna T. F. Application of web applications in medicine //Eurasian Research Bulletin. 2022. T. 14. C. 46-50.
- 11. Nabiyeva, S. S., Rustamov, A. A., Malikov, M. R., & Ne'matov, N. I. (2020). Concept of medical information. European Journal of Molecular and Clinical Medicine, 7(7), 602-609.
- 12. Malikov, M. R., Rustamov, A. A., & Ne'matov, N. I. (2020). STRATEGIES FOR DEVELOPMENT OF MEDICAL INFORMATION SYSTEMS. Theoretical & Applied Science, (9), 388-392.
- 13. Berdiyevna, A. S., & Olimjonovna, T. F. (2022). INNOVATIVE APPROACHES IN THE EDUCATION SYSTEM TO INCREASE YOUTH PARTICIPATION. Web of Scientist: International Scientific Research Journal, 3(3), 674-677.
- 14. Esirgapovich, K. A. (2022). THE EASIEST RECOMMENDATIONS FOR CREATING A WEBSITE. Galaxy International Interdisciplinary Research Journal, 10(2), 758-761.
- 15. Toxirova, F. O., Malikov, M. R., Abdullayeva, S. B., Ne'matov, N. I., & Rustamov, A. A. (2021). Reflective Approach In Organization Of Pedagogical Processes. European Journal of Molecular & Clinical Medicine, 7(03), 2020.
- 16. Ne'matov, N., & Rustamov, T. (2022). SANATORIYLAR ISHINI AVTOMATLASHTIRISH: BRON XIZMATI

- VA UNING STRUKTURASI. Eurasian Journal of Academic Research, 2(11), 763-766.
- 17. Ne'matov, N., & Ne'matova, N. (2022). OLIY TA'LIM TIZIMI TALABALARIGA O'ZBEK TILINI O'QITISHDA AXBOROT TEXNOLOGIYALARINING O'RNI. Академические исследования в современной науке, 1(19), 37-38.
- 18. OB Akhmedov, AS Djalilov, NI Nematov, AA Rustamov // Directions Of Standardization In Medical Informatics // Emergent: Journal of Educational Discoveries and Lifelong Learning (EJEDL), 2(2), 1-4 p. 2021
- 19. Ne'matov, N., & Isroilov, J. (2022). TIBBIY VEB SAYTLAR YARATISH YUTUQ VA KAMCHILIKLARI. Zamonaviy dunyoda innovatsion tadqiqotlar: Nazariya va amaliyot, 1(25), 162-164.
- 20. Ne'matov, NI. (2022). TIBBIY VEB SAYTLAR YARATISH SAMARADORLIGI. Academic Research in Educational Sciences (ARES) 3 (2), 118-124
- 21. Berdiyevna, A. S., Fazliddinovich, S. R., & Uralovich, R. N. (2022). Use of Information Technology in Improving the Quality of Education. Eurasian Research Bulletin, 14, 134-138.
- 22. Abdullayeva, S. B., & Dosmurodova, S. S. (2022). THE ROLE OF THE FAMILY IN THE FORMATION OF VALUE DIRECTIONS IN YOUTH. Procedia of Theoretical and Applied Sciences, 1(1), 93-95.
- 23. Olimjonovna, T. F. (2023). SOCIO-HISTORICAL FOUNDATIONS OF FORMATION OF INTEREST IN THE PROFESSION AND DEVELOPMENT OF PROFESSIONAL THINKING THROUGH PEDAGOGICAL COMMUNICATION.
- 24. Berdiyevna, A. S., & Shokirovich, X. S. (2023). Prospective Directions of Implementation of Modern Information Technologies in Education. Eurasian Journal of Research, Development and Innovation, 17, 7-11.
- 25. Berdiyevna, A. S., Akramovna, M. M., & Olmasovna, R. P. (2023). Research in the Process of Education of Medical Students

- Shaping Their Abilities. Eurasian Journal of Learning and Academic Teaching, 17, 95-99.
- 26. Ismatullayevich, N. N. (2023). The role of educational websites in the development of student's higher education systems. Eurasian Journal of Research, Development and Innovation, 17, 17-20.
- 27. Ismatullayevich N. N., Ilxomovna M. Z. Automation of Sanatorium Work: Reservation Service and its Structure //Miasto Przyszłości. 2022. T. 29. C. 65-67.
- 28. Olimjonovna T. F. Pedagogical Communication and its Role and Significance in Developing the Professional Thinking of Students //Eurasian Scientific Herald. 2023. T. 16. C. 82-86.