



# Classification of Culinaronyms

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## ABSTRACT

The purpose of this article is to point out the components in modern Russian-English-Uzbek culinaronyms. This work also presents components' characteristics as a theoretical part for naming food. We have used the qualitative descriptive method to find out the components included in Russian- English-Uzbek culinaronyms

## Keywords:

Culinaronym, culinaronym component, time, method, food

## Introduction

Food is one of the essential necessities of human life. Khlobkin, an expert in Russian culinary culture, states that food is one of the valuable elements of a nation; secondly, the art of cooking is to turn raw ingredients into a quality dish, and this is a part of a nation's material culture and an indicator of a prosperous civilization. In particular, Russian-English-Uzbek cuisines hold a special place alongside the important cuisines of the world.

## Materials And Methods

Language, as a rule, is regarded as the primary verbal mean of any field, and it helps humans communicate thoughts and ideas. In the culinary context, its nature and special features are communicated with the help of language. With regard to naming in the field of cuisine, one of the things attached to a dish is its name (culinaronym) which is used to describe its culinary features and related facts.

As is known, culinaronym is one of the linguistic units which includes a variety of content as well as expressions [1]. Every culinary recipe is represented by its culinaronym which is built from the culinary peculiarities related to its dish. Playing a main role in recipe, culinaronym serves to attract the attention of readers.

## Results And Discussion

In 2015, the dictionary about food vocabulary and their metaphor compiled by Borovkova and her co-authors reveals that with regard to the inner word form, some traditional Russian culinaronyms imply culinary features that cannot be understood in modern Russian language due to the long-term existence of those lexicons. From this dictionary, the original meanings of traditional Russian culinaronyms are shown in the table below:

**Table 1.**

*Traditional Russian culinaronyms and their original meanings (made by the author)*

Traditional Russian culinaronyms	In English	In Uzbek
Печенье	Cookie	Pechenye

Варенье	Jam	Murabbo
Щи	cabbage soup	karam sho'rva
Баранка	Bagel	Bagel
Блин	Crap	Blinlar
Калач	Kalach	Kalach
Пряник	Gingerbread	Pryanik
Сухарь	Rusk	Rask

The table shows that traditional Russian culinaryonyms relates to culinary characteristics which can be found in some modern Russian culinaryonyms. The etymological aspect of traditional Russian culinaryonyms can play a key role in pointing out the component structure in modern Russian culinaryonyms.

After conducting a survey of the modern Russian culinaryonyms, the elements discovered are given below [2]:

(1) Group of culinary components.

The first group is classified as an elementary group of components in modern Russian culinaryonyms because they properly reflect the nature of these components related to the kitchen. Based on the components of traditional Russian culinaryonyms (shown in table 1).

(2) Time component

Based on the results of the component in the name of Russian food, it shows the following meanings of time.

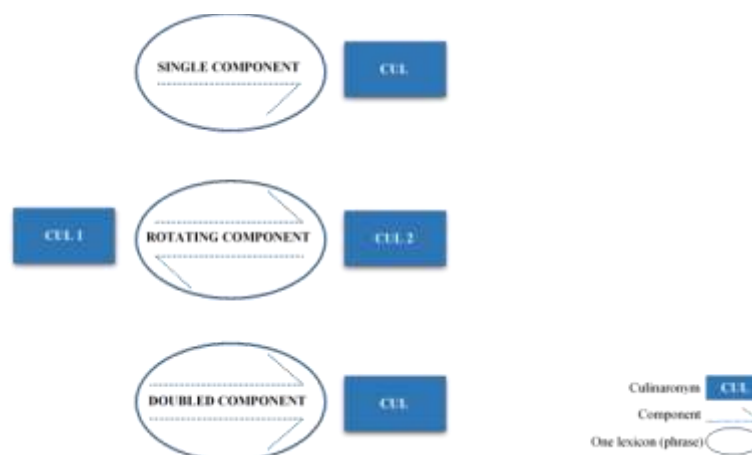
Speed: The component referring to the speed in cooking indicates the shortest time to make a dish. This is shown by the vocabulary in this group which appears in the Russian culinaryonyms as follows: скорый 'fast' – tez,

экспресс 'speedy' - tezkor.

Analysis of the human element in modern Russian culinaryonyms has shown the roles of the human element in the culinary context as follows:

- Individual inherited cooking results (food);
- Individual food preparation; and
- Personal recipe infusions.

One lexicon can have double components in itself. For examples: завтрак за 10 минут 'breakfast for 10 minutes' – 10 daqiqada nonushta and ужин за 20 минут 'dinner for 20 minutes' – 20 daqiqada tushlik. In these culinaryonyms, breakfast and dinner conditionally belong to the time component, mealtime to be exact. At the same time, these lexicons also relate to the culinary component due to the fact that in context of culinary magazines, these culinaryonyms can be understood as the food prepared in the particular time (short period of time, in this case in). The meaning of the name of such dishes refers to the physical element more than it does the meal itself. Therefore, some components in culinaryonyms can share the same lexicon in a single culinaryonym.



## Conclusion

Culinaronyms in culinary magazines is becoming more and more diverse in content and form as cohesion is being created between the author and the reader. The language in these culinaronyms represents a breakthrough in conveying messages, as they tend to convey emotions. This shows that they have broken the rule in naming the traditional culinaronyms. Despite the diversity and abundance of quantity and content, the culinaronyms are still clear and systematic because it is manifested by the clear and independent existence of semantic-structural components within modern Russian culinaronyms. Thus, this research has identified the following components in modern Russian culinaronyms: the group of culinary components, time, people and authors' component. Theoretical findings of culinaronym's components can make the language of culinary deep and contribute to naming objects.

the cookbook "Cooking for Friends" of Ramsey". *Innovative Science*, 3(15), 176-179.

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