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# Protection of Population Life Activities and Action in the Process of Emergencies

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## ABSTRACT

The article describes the stages of formation of the system for protecting the population and territories from emergency situations, eliminating the consequences of emergency situations, the stages and processes of the implemented reforms related to its activity, as well as the issues of determining the prospects for the future improvement of the system.

## Keywords:

emergency situation, prevention, action, elimination, civil protection, authorized body, state system, management bodies, functional and territorial subsystems, The Ministry of Emergency Situations.

## Introduction

From the first days when Uzbekistan gained its independence and sovereignty, creating a reliable and effective national system for protecting the population and territories of our country from natural disasters and man-made disasters has become one of the priority tasks. Safety and protection of the population was defined as the main principle of the state policy. The Ministry of Emergency Situations, which was established in order to establish an effective system of protection of the population and economic objects of our country from natural disasters, to prevent and eliminate the consequences of natural and man-made emergency situations in the republic, is responsible for the establishment of a state system for the prevention of emergency situations and management of actions in such cases, and it was assigned the task of ensuring its activities.

The development of modern science and technology requires the application of highly efficient and safe technologies in production, advanced methods of labor organization, and at

the same time the training of highly qualified personnel for this field. Ensuring that they work safely in industrial enterprises is done by teaching them how to create healthy working conditions and prevent injuries and occupational diseases..

Especially the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan "2017-2021 In accordance with Decree No. PF-5635 of January 17, 2019, on the implementation of the Action Strategy for the five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in the "Year of Active Investments and Social Development" to act in emergency situations and to improve the procedure of training in the field of civil protection, as defined in paragraph 4 of the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of September 9, 2019 No. 754 "On improving the procedure of training the population to act in emergency situations and in the field of civil protection" In agreement with the Ministry of Higher and Secondary Special Education of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Ministry of Emergency Situations of the Republic of Uzbekistan, improvement of educational

programs in the areas of life safety and civil protection based on modern requirements for educational areas and education higher education institutions by introducing into the process it is necessary to increase the level of preparedness of students to move in emergency situations.

Life safety is based on the unity of education and upbringing, this subject teaches students how to perform work safely, that is, to be able to foresee the factors that cause accidents in each situation and prevent them from happening. It consists of training in the development and implementation of engineering measures that ensure the absence of On September 22, 2016, in the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Labor Protection" (new version), issues of teaching labor protection in higher educational institutions, in Article 17 of Higher and secondary special, professional training of labor protection specialists in vocational education institutions is provided in accordance with the established procedure.

### Discussion And Results

Many large production enterprises operate in the territory of our country. Some of them are a potential danger to the environment and the population. The low level of technology control and discipline in some of these enterprises has a negative impact on the production rate. As a result of this, problems arise in attracting investments to these enterprises, in updating the means of production, and the economic situation becomes even worse.

This, in turn, requires not only the development and implementation of effective measures to protect people from risks, but also to spend a certain amount of money on ensuring the safety of life activities. Statistics show that more than 50% of industrial accidents are caused by incorrect actions of technical personnel. According to American researchers, 3 out of every 10,000 people die from road traffic accidents, 2 out of every 100,000 people from poisoning, 4 out of every 100,000 people from fire, and every 10 million people from lightning strikes. 5 out of people, 1 out of every 100,000 due to the failure of production equipment and

4 out of every 100,000 as a result of other types of emergencies. As a result of political and military conflicts in the Middle East, the Balkans, East Africa, Fukushima, Chernobyl, Lake Chad, the Aral Sea, and the Aral Sea, population migration is accelerating. In most cases, young people and the institutions where they receive education are the victims of such processes.

Young people and the institutions where they receive education are victims of the process. Such accidents happen in our country as well. According to the Ministry of Employment and Labor Relations, 574 accidents occurred in the workplaces of Uzbekistan in 2019. As a result of this, 649 people were injured in various degrees.

In 2019, 199 people lost their lives in various accidents at work in different regions of Uzbekistan. In total 574 accidents resulted in 440 serious and 10 minor injuries. If analyzed by region, the number of people killed in such tragedies in 2019 compared to 2018 increased by 4 in the Republic of Karakalpakstan and Surkhandarya region, 5 in Bukhara and Khorezm regions, 6 in Navoi region and 15 in Tashkent city.

According to the State Labor Inspectorate, there were 607 accidents in production processes in 2020, which is 33 more than in 2019. As a result, 693 employees were injured, of which 201 were killed, 457 were seriously injured, and 35 were lightly injured. Economic losses caused by industrial accidents and occupational diseases are 4-6% of global GDP. This is 20 times more than official aid for economic developmentdeganidir.

So, we will show some of the causes of tragedies related to production.

- employment of persons who have not been trained and instructed in safe work methods, non-observance of instructions, lack of supervision, non-obligation of mandatory medical and sanitary examinations of employees - the existence of cases of non-creation of household conditions; compliance with construction project documents and production technological requirements failure to do so, the work of employees is improperly organized;

## Conclusion

In order to reduce and prevent the occurrence of accidents and other types of unpleasant events in our republic, it is advisable to constantly implement the following measures:

- to increase the legal literacy of workers by distributing specially prepared booklets;
- development and distribution of samples of documents required by labor protection legislation and recommendations for their completion to employers;

organizing collective seminars and trainings on labor protection and safety at production enterprises at least once every six months;

- it is necessary to organize corners of labor protection and safety equipment in enterprises, and inform them about accidents that happened in our Republic.

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