



Upbringing In Modern Single-Parent Families

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ABSTRACT

This article describes modern single-parent families Approaches to problems, conflicts and their solutions in these families are given.

Keywords:

Broken heart, negative thoughts, life’s blessings, conflictual relationships, symbiotic relationships, comfort and love.

In a fully harmonious family, both parents and children connect each other with deep understanding, trust and love. There is no doubt that the best conditions for creative education are created in such families. There are families that are complete, but destructive, where there is no agreement, where disputes and quarrels arise without any reason or reason.



Many families exist only formally, in which spouses live independently, and the educational contribution of the father is not so noticeable. Of

course, such families cannot be ignored from the point of view of the public.

Sometimes the family looks strong and connected from the outside. However, as preschool education, school educators and school teachers say, in fact, such families are characterized by false organized unity and conflicting relations. Unfortunately, in such families, it is not difficult to feel that there is a lack of mutual attention and respect between family members. It can be assumed that in such families, each of its members suffers from discomfort, a damaged heart, mental tension and extreme sensitivity. Let's not jump to conclusions before we say anything about the incomplete family. Even in modern single-parent families, there are many opportunities for upbringing, and not all of them may be negative. In recent years, most couples in our country have become greedy for the material world, i.e., the pursuit of a career or earning money is increasing, and the desire to have children in their marriage plans is secondary, as a result of which unwanted children are born in

families. the number of births and abandoned families is increasing. In such families, there are almost no emotional ties between the generations born in the world.

However, it should be noted here that the status of a full-fledged family does not guarantee the full upbringing of a child.

What is the breakdown of a single-parent family?

An incomplete family arises as a result of the death or divorce of one of the spouses. However, the most common situation today is a single-parent family consisting of a mother and child(ren).

Regardless of the reasons for the divorce, all members of a broken family suffer from its consequences to one degree or another, and this complicates the upbringing process. The situation is aggravated by the fact that ex-spouses are not always able to maintain a normal relationship, which is very important for the all-round development of their children.

Often, the mother (in violation of family law) not only prevents the father from participating in the upbringing of his son or daughter, but also prevents episodic meetings with them.

As a result of the father or mother leaving the family losing the opportunity to communicate regularly with the child, the inability to provide help or care for the child even in times of need damages the child's psyche.

If, after the breakup of the family, the parents do not hide their negative attitude towards each other in front of the child, or if in the atmosphere of mutual accusations, they accept him as an unwanted child and try to justify their actions, then his development will be further affected. they do more damage. Parents who try to convince that the guilt of the family breakdown lies with the conscience of the ex-spouse only increase the emotional distress of their child. Growing up in an environment of hostile (cold) relations and hostility between the divorced parents of a small bird often affects the integrity of character qualities, that is, dexterity, intelligence, mental strength and fortitude, along with cowardice, deceit, it leads to contradictions between characteristics such as cunning, arrogance, hypocrisy, and hypocrisy.

Therefore, parental duty and responsibility towards their children requires a husband and wife to separate respectfully so as not to follow their own ambitions and harm each other's pride.

The breakdown of the family changes his usual way of life, which, as mentioned above, complicates the process of education.

Here we will dwell on the deterioration of the financial situation of the single-parent family. In such families, even if there is a favorable situation, it is observed that the mother works and the father regularly pays alimony. As a result, this family faces difficulties in any emergency situation.

For example, to develop a child's interest in art and musical ability, he gives it to a music school. For this, he should buy a piano, rubob, dutor or circle. Also, she invites her classmates to her birthday once a year so that her child does not lose heart. All this is very expensive for a single mother.

In addition, there are costs related to the maintenance of housing. Previously, small (and sometimes large) repairs were carried out by the husband, but now a single woman takes on the responsibility. It is also necessary to spend money to fix your child's bicycle, replace a broken window, or repair technical malfunctions in kitchen and bathroom appliances that are used regularly in everyday life.

In broken families, social ties begin to break. A divorced mother loses some of the acquaintances she made in recent years because they are friends of her ex-husband. In his family, relatives from the earthly side also become less guests, which worsens the child's social environment and deprives him of usual emotional connections. As a result of the strong influence of divorce on the psyche of a woman, she cannot always fulfill her goals and tasks. During this period, she, first of all, as a woman, experiences social discrimination to herself and her children to one degree or another, which manifests itself in direct condemnation of herself, neglect of the people around her, and a desire to withdraw herself from them. Children left without a father feel poor, and undoubtedly there are various deviations in their behavior.

The fact that the single-parent family becomes an object of discussion in the society, as well as the fact that society members often ask, "What good can be expected from children from single-parent families?" It hurts their pride to have negative thoughts about these children. Financial and social problems are the cause of emotional experiences related to the instability of the mental state of a single mother, increased



nervousness. Constant mental tension in him leads to violation of etiquette, frequent shouting in his communication and can even punish the child for any small wrong steps in his behavior. His angry, nervous reaction to some trivial problems, which previously caused only reminders and jokes of the father or mother, often provokes a reaction of aggressive behavior in the child. After losing constant contact with her father, she begins to lose her confidence in being loved, protected, and understood. The child worries about how to explain to the people around him that he does not communicate with his father. Also, the child has the question "what if my mother stops loving me like she stopped loving my father?" anxiety begins to appear.

However, a child who longs for his father often blames his mother for always driving his father away. Sometimes the child feels guilty because his father left the family.

In a family on the verge of divorce, a child can be the cause of quarrels and disputes between spouses: how he is dressed, why he is sick, why he still hasn't slept, etc. It is difficult for a child to understand such a conflicting relationship of his parents and the content of their quarrels. It seems that he is the cause of these disagreements. However, it is not difficult for him to realize that his father and mother do not want to live in the same house.

It is very difficult for a child who is always accustomed to being comforted and loved by his parents, and sometimes to give up family relations because of the protection of one of them. It balances the emotional state of a young family member. As the kingdom of parents grows immeasurably, the rights, interests and wishes of a child left alone with its mother are violated, and it seems that there is no one to turn to for the truth. A stepfather (stepmother) appeared in the family. In such families, various deviations occur in children's emotional relationships, and as a result, their relationship with their mother (or father) worsens. Parents may not always feel these feelings of the child, and therefore often do not know how to establish a proper relationship with him.

Thus, the process of upbringing in an incomplete family causes many inconveniences. Single mothers use different tactics to raise children. Now, they are more concerned about their own future than about their child's past, present and future. All their attention is focused on finding a new spouse. Such mothers are considered morally corrupted by the grief of separation, and they usually leave their children alone and ignore their fate and future. As a result of these children's irregular daily routine and not always being calm and well-nourished, it is observed that their behavior increases in aggression, restlessness, or vice versa, they experience isolation and sleeplessness.

However, in a single-parent family, if a woman consciously chooses to give birth for herself, she experiences hypersocial feelings of duty, obligation and responsibility to raise a child. Because in this he will have to rely only on his own strength. A woman who feels her failure in marriage tries to raise her status as a mother in the eyes of others.

With her behavior and active educational position, the mother tries to prove to others that she is raising her child, that she is providing him with all-round development, and that she is being well-educated. All his attention and vital interests will be focused on the child. The mother reacts sensitively or sometimes painfully to the advice of the pedagogue and his words about her child. Such mothers often have their own cultural and educational program: they know in advance where to take him, what to show him and what books to read.



As a rule, they understand the need for additional education by taking the child to sports clubs, talent centers and creative circles. But it is natural that creating such a comfortable educational environment in a single-parent family also causes difficulties related to additional costs. First of all, it is focused on the domestic difficulties associated with the need to isolate a little of such families, forced isolation, and the need to raise a child at a high level at the same time. The mother's dominance in the house, treating the child as her property, can have a negative impact on his development. In the first years of a baby's life, he takes it for granted. However, as he grows up, a symbiotic relationship begins to form, that is, he co-exists with his mother in a certain environment, benefiting or harming each other, and seeks to expand his social experience.

The mother bird does not allow her child to play with his friends, go for a walk. Taking it as the meaning of life for her child, she lives in fear that something unpleasant will happen to her, and

therefore tries to protect her by banning her from school excursions and group trips. However, as a result of the child's rebellion against the mother's authority, the mother feels that she has failed in the upbringing of life.

Single-parent families are rare. In the process of divorce, the child is entrusted to his father only in exceptional cases. In recent years, because the life expectancy of a person is decreasing and accidental deaths are more common in the stronger sex than in the weaker sex, there are more widows with young children among single-parent families.

However, it should be remembered that regardless of who is at the head of the incomplete family - a man or a woman, for the harmonious development of the individual in all aspects, the child needs a complete set of maternal (female) and paternal (male) behaviors. should have experience with both parents by adopting appropriate developmental models. It is certainly difficult to provide such an environment in single-parent families. Because the child is brought up by one of the parents, that is, in most cases, the mother. But even in this there is a way out, which helps the child to some extent compensate for the lack of male or female influence: the appearance of a stepfather or stepmother, as well as grandparents, mother's brother or other relatives in the case of a child actively participate. A mother or father who cares about the interests of the child starts looking for a way out. From all of the above, it is clear that the single-parent family needs special attention, more support from educational institutions and neighborhood system specialists.

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