



The Resolution of Two Rows Weyl Module in the Cases of (6,4) and (6,4)/ (1,0)

¹Njood Abd Hatim

¹Department of Mathematics, College of Basic Education, Misan University
 najudi.a.h@uomisan.edu.iq,

²Nuha Farhan Mansour

²Ministry of Education \ The General of Directorate for Education of Diyala
 nuhaf.995@gmail.com

ABSTRACT

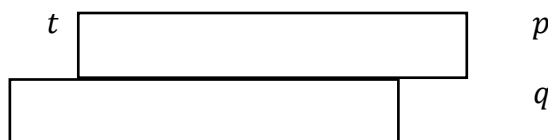
The intention of this work is to reconnaissance the resolution of two rows Weyl module in the partition (6, 4) and skew- shape (6,4)/(1,0) depending on the contracting homotopy.

Keywords:

Resolution of Weyl module, place polarization, Skew-shape, mapping Cone.

1. Introduction

Let F be a free R -module and $D_m F$ be divided power of degree m , the author [2] describe us the Weyl module $K_{\lambda/\mu} F$, where $K_{\lambda/\mu} F = \text{Im}(d'_{\lambda/\mu})$, $d'_{\lambda/\mu}: DF \rightarrow \wedge F$ (Weyl map) that take the image of:



$$\sum D_{p+k} \otimes D_{q-k} \xrightarrow{\square} D_p \otimes D_q \xrightarrow{d'_{\lambda/\mu}} K_{\lambda/\mu} \longrightarrow 0$$

And using us letter place, we will get:

$$\begin{pmatrix} w \\ w' \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} 1^{(p+k)} \\ 2^{(q-k)} \end{matrix} \xrightarrow{\partial_{21}^{(k)}} \begin{pmatrix} w \\ w' \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} 1^{(p)} 2^{(k)} \\ 2^{(q-k)} \end{matrix} \longrightarrow \sum_w \begin{pmatrix} w_{(1)} \\ w' w_{(2)} \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} (t+1)' (t+2)' \dots (p+t)' \\ 1' 2' 3' \dots q' \end{matrix}$$

Where

$$w \otimes w' \in D_{p+k} \otimes D_{q-k}, \quad \square = \sum_{k=t+1}^q \partial_{21}^{(k)}$$

And

$$d'_{\lambda/\mu} = \partial_{q'2} \dots \partial_{1'2} \partial_{(p+t)1} \dots \partial_{(t+1)1}$$

Is the installation of place polarization, from positive places $\{1, 2\}$ to negative places $\{1', 2', \dots, (p+t)'\}$.

In particular, \square moves an element $x \otimes y$ of $D_{p+k} \otimes D_{q-k}$ to $\sum x_p \otimes x'_k y$, $\sum x_p \otimes x'_k$ is the element of the diagonal of x in $D_p \otimes D_k$.

Let Z_{21} be the free generator of $D(Z_{21})$ [divided power algebra], then the $D(Z_{21}^{(k)})$ be the divided power algebra of the free generator $Z_{21}^{(k)}$ of degree k works on $D_{p+k} \otimes D_{q-k}$ by place polarization of degree k from place 1 to place 2.

The graded algebra $D(Z_{21})$ works on the graded module $M = \sum D_{p+k} \otimes D_{q-k} = \sum M_{q-k}$, M is a graded left A -module, where $w = Z_{21}^{(k)} \in A$ and $v \in D_{\beta_1} \otimes D_{\beta_2}$, at our disposal:

$$w(v) = Z_{21}^{(k)}(v) = \partial_{21}^{(k)}(v)$$

$$M_\bullet : 0 \rightarrow M_{q-t} \xrightarrow{\partial_s} \dots \rightarrow M_l \xrightarrow{\partial_s} \dots \rightarrow M_1 \xrightarrow{\partial_s} M_0, \text{ of the normalized bar complex } \text{Bar}(M, A;$$

$$S, \bullet), \text{ and } S = \{x\}.$$

$$\sum_{k_1 \geq 0} Z_{21}^{(t+k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x \dots x Z_{21}^{(k_l)} x D_{p+t+|k|} \otimes D_{q-t-|k|} \xrightarrow{d_l}$$

$$\sum_{k_1 \geq 0} Z_{21}^{(t+k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x \dots x Z_{21}^{(k_{l-1})} x D_{p+t+|k|} \otimes D_{q-t-|k|} \xrightarrow{d_{l-1}}$$

$$\dots \xrightarrow{d_1} \sum_{k_i \geq 0} Z_{21}^{(t+k)} x D_{p+t+|k|} \otimes D_{q-t-k} \xrightarrow{d_0} D_p \otimes D_q$$

Where $|k| = \sum k_i$.

The author in [4] studied the resolution and exactness of the Weyl module in (8,7), Shaymaa [5] exhibited the resolution of Weyl module for the skew partition (8,6)/(2,t), where t=0,1. While another [6] studied the resolution of Weyl module for the skew partition (9,7)/(S,0), where S=1,2. At work now, I specified the resolution and exactness of Weyl module in partition (6,4) and skew-partition (6,4)/(1,0).

2. The resolution of two rows Weyl module in the case of partition (6,4):

$$M_0 = D_6 \otimes D_4$$

$$M_1 = Z_{21} x D_7 \otimes D_3 \oplus Z_{21}^{(2)} x D_8 \otimes D_2 \oplus Z_{21}^{(3)} x D_9 \otimes D_1 \oplus Z_{21}^{(4)} x D_{10} \otimes D_0$$

$$M_2 = Z_{21} x Z_{21} x D_8 \otimes D_2 \oplus Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21} x D_9 \otimes D_1 \oplus Z_{21} x Z_{21}^{(2)} x D_9 \otimes D_1$$

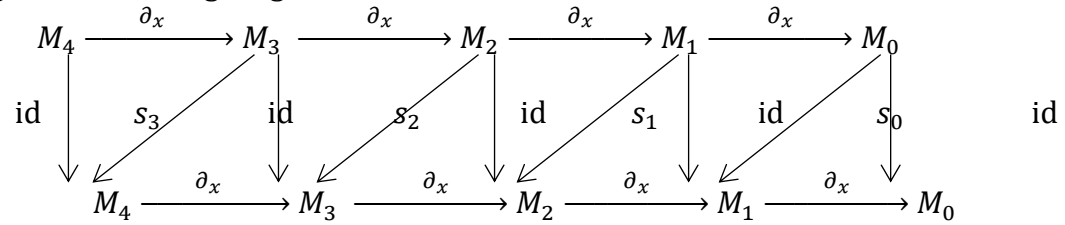
$$\oplus Z_{21}^{(3)} x Z_{21} x D_{10} \otimes D_0 \oplus Z_{21} x Z_{21}^{(3)} x D_{10} \otimes D_0 \oplus Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21}^{(2)} x D_{10} \otimes D_0$$

$$M_3 = Z_{21} x Z_{21} x Z_{21} x D_9 \otimes D_1 \oplus Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21} x Z_{21} x D_{10} \otimes D_0 \oplus Z_{21} x Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21} x D_{10} \otimes D_0$$

$$\oplus Z_{21} x Z_{21} x Z_{21}^{(2)} x D_{10} \otimes D_0$$

$$M_4 = Z_{21} x Z_{21} x Z_{21} x Z_{21} x D_{10} \otimes D_0$$

Thus we got the following diagram:



$$S_0 \left(\begin{pmatrix} w \\ w' \end{pmatrix} \middle| \begin{matrix} 1^{(6)} 2^{(k)} \\ 2^{(4-k)} \end{matrix} \right) = \begin{cases} Z_{21}^{(k)} x \begin{pmatrix} w \\ w' \end{pmatrix} \middle| \begin{matrix} 1^{(6+k)} \\ 2^{(4-k)} \end{matrix} & ; \text{ if } k > 0 \\ 0 & ; \text{ if } k \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$S_1: M_1 \rightarrow M_2$$

$$S_1 \left(Z_{21}^{(k)} x \begin{pmatrix} w \\ w' \end{pmatrix} \middle| \begin{matrix} 1^{(6+k)} 2^{(m)} \\ 2^{(4-k-m)} \end{matrix} \right) = \begin{cases} Z_{21}^{(k)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \begin{pmatrix} w \\ w' \end{pmatrix} \middle| \begin{matrix} 1^{(6+k+m)} \\ 2^{(4-k-m)} \end{matrix} & ; \text{ if } m = 1, 2, 3 \\ 0 & ; \text{ if } m = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$S_2: M_2 \rightarrow M_3$$

$$S_2 \left(Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x \begin{pmatrix} w \\ w' \end{pmatrix} \middle| \begin{matrix} 1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)} \\ 2^{(4-|k|-m)} \end{matrix} \right) = \begin{cases} Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \begin{pmatrix} w \\ w' \end{pmatrix} \middle| \begin{matrix} 1^{(6+|k|+m)} \\ 2^{(4-|k|-m)} \end{matrix} & ; \text{ if } m = 1, 2, \text{ where } |k| = k_1 + k_2 \\ 0 & ; \text{ if } m = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$S_3: M_3 \rightarrow M_4$$

$$S_3 \left(Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) \right) \\ = \begin{cases} Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) & ; \text{if } m = 1, \\ 0 & ; \text{if } m = 0 \end{cases}$$

where $|k| = k_1 + k_2 + k_3$

$$S_0 \partial_x \left(Z_{21}^{(k)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-k-m)}} \right) \right) = S_0 \partial_{21}^{(k)} \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-k-m)}} \right) \\ = \binom{k+m}{m} Z_{21}^{(k+m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k+m)}}{2^{(4-k-m)}} \right)$$

and

$$\partial_x S_1 \left(Z_{21}^{(k)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-k-m)}} \right) \right) = \partial_x \left(Z_{21}^{(k)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k+m)}}{2^{(4-k-m)}} \right) \right) \\ = - \binom{k+m}{m} Z_{21}^{(k+m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k+m)}}{2^{(4-k-m)}} \right) + Z_{21}^{(k)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-k-m)}} \right) \\ = Z_{21}^{(k)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-k-m)}} \right)$$

It is clear that $S_0 \partial_x + \partial_x S_1 = id_{M_1}$.

$$S_1 \partial_x \left(Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) \right) \\ = S_1 \left(- \binom{|k|}{k_2} Z_{21}^{|k|} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) + Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x \partial_{21}^{(k_2)} \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) \right) \\ = - \binom{|k|}{k_2} Z_{21}^{|k|} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) + \\ \binom{k_2+m}{m} Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2+m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right),$$

and

$$\partial_x S_2 \left(Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) \right) = \partial_x \left(Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) \right) \\ = \binom{|k|}{k_2} Z_{21}^{|k|} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) - \\ \binom{k_2+m}{m} Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2+m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) + Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right),$$

where $|k| = k_1 + k_2$.

It is clear that $S_1 \partial_x + \partial_x S_2 = id_{M_2}$.

$$S_2 \partial_x \left(Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) \right) \\ = S_2 \left(\binom{k_1+k_2}{k_2} Z_{21}^{(k_1+k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) - \binom{k_2+k_3}{k_3} Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2+k_3)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) + \right. \\ \left. Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) \right) \\ = \binom{k_1+k_2}{k_2} Z_{21}^{(k_1+k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) - \\ \binom{k_2+k_3}{k_3} Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2+k_3)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) + \\ \binom{k_3+m}{m} Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3+m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right),$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} \partial_x S_3 \left(Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) \right) &= \partial_x \left(Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) \right) \\ &= - \binom{k_1+k_2}{k_2} Z_{21}^{(k_1+k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) + \\ &\quad \binom{k_2+k_3}{k_3} Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2+k_3)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) - \\ &\quad \binom{k_3+m}{m} Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3+m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) + \\ &\quad Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3)} x \partial_{21}^{(m)} \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) \\ &= - \binom{k_1+k_2}{k_2} Z_{21}^{(k_1+k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) + \\ &\quad \binom{k_2+k_3}{k_3} Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2+k_3)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) - \\ &\quad \binom{k_3+m}{m} Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3+m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right) + \\ &\quad Z_{21}^{(k_1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} \right), \end{aligned}$$

where $|k| = k_1 + k_2 + k_3$.

It is clear that $S_2 \partial_x + \partial_x S_3 = id_{M_3}$

From the foregoing we concluded $\{S_0, S_1, S_2, S_3, \}$ is a contracting homotopy [8] this proves on that the Complex is exact.

3. The resolution of two rows Weyl module in the skew - partition $(6, 4)/(1, 0)$

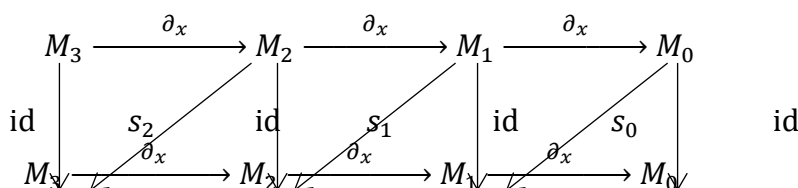
$$M_0 = D_5 \otimes D_4$$

$$M_1 = Z_{21}^{(2)} x D_7 \otimes D_2 \oplus Z_{21}^{(3)} x D_8 \otimes D_1 \oplus Z_{21}^{(4)} x D_9 \otimes D_0$$

$$M_2 = Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21} x D_8 \otimes D_1 \oplus Z_{21}^{(3)} x Z_{21} x D_9 \otimes D_0 \oplus Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21}^{(2)} x D_9 \otimes D_0$$

$$M_3 = Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21} x Z_{21} x D_9 \otimes D_0$$

Thus we got the following diagram:



$$S_0: D_5 \otimes D_4 \rightarrow \sum_{k>0} Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x D_{5+k} \otimes D_{4-k}$$

$$S_0 \left(\left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(5)} 2^{(k)}}{2^{(4-k)}} \right) \right) = \begin{cases} Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(5+k)}}{2^{(4-k)}} \right) & ; \text{if } k = 2, 3, 4 \\ 0 & ; \text{if } k \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$S_1: \sum_{k>0} Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x D_{6+k} \otimes D_{3-k} \rightarrow Z_{21}^{(k_1+1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x D_{6+k} \otimes D_{3-k} \text{ such that:}$$

$$S_1 \left(Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(3-k-m)}} \right) \right) = \begin{cases} Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k+m)}}{2^{(3-k-m)}} \right) & ; \text{if } m = 1, 2 \\ 0 & ; \text{if } m = 0 \end{cases}$$

where $|k| = k_1 + k_2$

$$S_2: \sum_{k_i>0} Z_{21}^{(k_1+1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x D_{6+|k|} \otimes D_{3-|k|} \rightarrow Z_{21}^{(k_1+1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(k_3)} x D_{6+|k|} \otimes D_{3-|k|}$$

such that:

$$S_2 \left(Z_{21}^{(k_1+1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(3-|k|-m)}} \right) \right) = \begin{cases} Z_{21}^{(k_1+1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(3-|k|-m)}} \right) & ; \text{if } m = 1 ; \\ 0 & ; \text{if } m = 0 \end{cases}$$

where $|k| = k_1 + k_2$

$$S_0 \partial_x \left(Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(3-k-m)}} \right) \right) = S_0 \partial_{21}^{(k+1)} \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6)} 2^{(k+m)}}{2^{(3-k-m)}} \right) = \binom{k+1+m}{m} Z_{21}^{(k+1+m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k+m)}}{2^{(3-k-m)}} \right),$$

and

$$\partial_x S_1 \left(Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(3-k-m)}} \right) \right) = \partial_x \left(Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k+m)}}{2^{(3-k-m)}} \right) \right) = - \binom{k+1+m}{m} Z_{21}^{(k+1+m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k+m)}}{2^{(3-k-m)}} \right) + Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(3-k-m)}} \right),$$

It is clear that $S_0 \partial_x + \partial_x S_1 = id_{M_1}$.

$$S_1 \partial_x \left(Z_{21}^{(k_1+1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(3-|k|-m)}} \right) \right) = S_1 \left(- \binom{|k|+1}{k_2} Z_{21}^{|k|+1} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(3-|k|-m)}} \right) + Z_{21}^{(k_1+1)} x \partial_{21}^{(k_2)} \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(3-|k|-m)}} \right) \right) = - \binom{|k|+1}{k_2} Z_{21}^{|k|+1} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(3-|k|-m)}} \right) + \binom{k_2+m}{m} Z_{21}^{(k_1+1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2+m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(3-|k|-m)}} \right),$$

and

$$\partial_x S_2 \left(Z_{21}^{(k_1+1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(3-|k|-m)}} \right) \right) = \partial_x \left(Z_{21}^{(k_1+1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+k+m)}}{2^{(3-k-m)}} \right) \right) = \binom{|k|+1}{k_2} Z_{21}^{|k|+1} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(3-|k|-m)}} \right) - \binom{k_2+m}{m} Z_{21}^{(k_1+1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2+m)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|+m)}}{2^{(3-|k|-m)}} \right) + Z_{21}^{(k_1+1)} x Z_{21}^{(k_2)} x \left(\frac{w}{w'} \middle| \frac{1^{(6+|k|)} 2^{(m)}}{2^{(3-|k|-m)}} \right),$$

where $|k| = k_1 + k_2$.

It is clear that $S_1 \partial_x + \partial_x S_2 = id_{M_2}$.

From the foregoing we concluded $\{S_0, S_1, S_2\}$ is a contracting homotopy [8] this proves on that the complex is exact.

4. Conclusions:

We concluded from this work the sequence in the cases of (6,4) and (6,4) / (1,0) are exact.

References:

1. David A. Buchsbaum and Gian C. Rota 1993 Projective Resolution of Weyl Modules, Natl. Acad. Sci. USA Vol. 90 pp.2448-2450.
2. David A. Buchsbaum and Brian D. Taylor 2003 Homotopies for Resolution of Skew-Hook Shapes, Adv. In Applied Math. Vol.30 pp.26-43.
3. David A. Buchsbaum 2004 A Characteristic Free Example of Lascoux Resolution, and Letter Place Methods for Intertwining Numbers, European Journal of Gombinatorics Vol.25, (), pp.1169-1179.

4. Hassan H.R. and Jasim, N.S. 2018 , “Application of Weyl Module in the Case of Two Rows ”, J. Phys. Conf. Ser., Vol. 1003 (012051), pp.1-15.
5. Shaymaa N. Abd - Alridah, Haytham R. Hassan 2020, “The Resolution of Weyl Module for Two Rows in Special Case of The Skew-Shape ” ,Iraqi Journal of science, Vol.61 (4), pp.824-830.
6. Rania N. Rahman, Haytham R. Hassan 2021, Resolution of Weyl Module in Case of The Skew partitions(9,7)/(S,0),when $S=1,2$ ”, Journal of Physics, Vol.(032035), pp.1-11.
7. David A. Buchsbaum 2001 Resolution of Weyl Module: The Rota Touch, Algebraic Combinatorics and Computer Science pp.97-109.
8. Vermani L.R. 2003 An Elementary Approach to Homotopical algebra, Chapman and Hall/CRC, Monp graphs and Surveys in pure and Applied Mathematics.