

French in language has a lot meaningful of words and semantic features

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ABSTRACT

French language polysemantic words are complicated and interesting aspects and not only French linguists, but perhaps in general language diversity, the attention of researchers pulls. In the article we are French in the language polysemantic of words semantic their characteristics meanings and contextualization in detail seeing we go out We are polysemantic of words one how many examples analysis we do, their meaning, different context and situations application forms as well them in the understanding of context role learned, as well as polysemantic the words in understanding contextualization and of context place and they are to the context looking of the word the meaning how to change about let's talk This in the article I am polysemantic the words learning for different of methods I used, for example, linguistic texts analysis to do and contextual analysis to make as well as different the authors and of researchers comparative from the analysis. Polysemantic the words literature and language in their games apply to pay attention to the methods I looked at it they're a lot of edged and variability open gives. My research not only French language learners for maybe in general language diversity semantics and lexicology with interested linguists and researchers also useful for will be I semantics in research and lexicology in the field famous of authors from his works I used this to me, French, language polysemantic words deeper to understand enable gave.

Keywords:

French language, polysemantic words, semantics features, contextualization, lexicology, many meaning, homonymy, antonymy, hyponymy, language games.

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French in the language, all in languages that it was as, one how many to the meaning have words there is A lot meaningful called words this words of the tongue the most complicated and interesting from the sides is one Theirs importance and variability, not only linguists, perhaps in general language diversity the attention of researchers pulls _ French in the language polysemantic the words learning his semantics, structure and different in contexts use to understand for big important have. I am French in the article on the language

polysemantic of words semantic features to learn present I try to do it. My of my research purpose is to polysemantic words meanings and differences in contexts application analysis makes them as well in understanding contextualization's role in learning. A lot of meaningful words in learning linguistic text analysis and contextual analysis, various the author and researchers' comparative analyses, literature, and language in their games a lot meaningful of words application analysis such as different methods and approaches I used it. In the article I am polysemantic words with a lot of

meanings, homonymy, antonymy, hyponymy, and others such as one how many types separate I'll show you how their meanings differ in contexts analysis I did of the article purpose French in the language polysemantic of words semantic features analysis to do and them in understanding contextualization role is to determine. Research during many p meaningful words in learning linguistic texts analysis make, various the author and of researchers comparative analysis, literature, and language in their games a lot meaningful of words application analysis to do such as different method and of approaches was used.

Books analysis and methodology:

Research takes to go for I am French of the language lexicology and semantics about wide in the circle to the literature appeal I did I relied on main sources to the line famous linguist and of researchers in the field works enters. Most authoritative sources of Jacques Dulkhoz's " French language semantics " work be, then the author's French of the language's semantic features, including words with a lot of meaningfulness and their semantic changes in detail statement. Also Robert Larousse's " French language dictionary " and Jean-Marie Adam's "French language lexicology works appeal done in the French language not only in lexical-semantic aspects, but perhaps grammar, phonetics, and other See also issues will be released. Literature and language in games polysemantic of words application learning for classic and modern French of literature François Rabelais, Moliere, Jean Racine, Antoine de Saint-Exupery, Albert Camus, Andre Maurois and another of the authors refer to his works done. Many p meaningful words in learning different methods and approaches used, including linguistic texts analysis make, various author and of researchers comparative analysis, many meaningful words literature and language in their games application from the analysis. Polysemantic the words in context analysis to do for I contextualize method I used this to me the context of the word meaning how effect to do to understand possibility gave. Context of the word the meaning how to change possible to understand polysemantic words differently in

contexts applied circumstances I also used the analysis. These are in line with many p meaningful words different in contexts in use similarity and differences determination for comparative from the analysis was used. Which meanings are the most widespread understand for polysemantic words application frequency and their semantic changes also analyze the ratio I did In general methodology. French in language polysemantic words semantic features a deeper understanding of different sources analysis to do and different analysis methods to use based on Research results linguists, French language teachers, and of the tongue lexicology and semantics anyone interested person for use to be can.

Results:

Studies as a result of French in the language polysemantic words a lot semantic to changes have that and to the context looking different to meanings have to be possible and some a lot meaningful words different in contexts use possible has been very wide to the meaning have the fact that was determined. An example of, the word " table ". use to the context depending on the furniture part of the data the list means can. However, some are a lot meaningful in the narrow sense of the word that and their use is only known in contexts limited to be possible it was also known. Example for, the word "vol" means both flight and theft means can, but in case it is complete another context is used.

Also some cases uncertain the words apply if the context is completely not understood if so, the message is wrong to understand, and to not understand take coming possible it was emphasized. Polysemantic words with different meanings apply frequency analysis to do that's it showed that some meanings the most wide scattered, others while less application can.

So the results French in the language are a lot more meaningful the words right apply importance, as well as misunderstandings road not to put them in use the context account gets necessity emphasizes.

Discussion:

Research within French in the language polysemantic the words semantic features according to different categories to be possible obviously it happened.

The first category is this one how many meanings have been words, but each meaning is different in contexts application for enough is common. For example, the word "rose "means both flower and color means (French in the language), and different situations application can. Second to category one how many the meaning have been words included, but each meaning more to himself is typical and only known in contexts use can. Example for, the word " tirrer " means both to shoot and to pull the meaning means possible, but each of us uses the meaning very contextually. The third category is this one how many meanings have been words, but some of them rarely are used and the majority of mothers in language speakers for strangers to being can. For example, the word " fleur" means flower meaning maybe, but the blooming process expressive verb can also be used as can. Analyzes that's it showed that a lot of meaningful words used in French language foreign language as learning people for difficult to be, because it is possible they are different in contexts different meanings, is bent That's why foreign fifty students not only polysemantic words have the most widespread meanings. but perhaps their contextual meanings also teach important. Also, note that French in the language is a lot of meaningful words used sometimes mother language speakers difficult to can, especially because meaning different levels two officialdom have if. Example for, the word " mettre " is both to put on and to put on the meaning means, but is more formal in context to wear another word using can be described. So French in the language many p meaningful words apply It's a complicated issue right apply not only meanings to know, but maybe they are being used it also requires understanding the context. However, nevertheless, polysemantic words in French of the language important part thoughts right and sure to express for is necessary. Also note that must be French in the language polysemantic words of the speaker

region, social position, and young to the group looking different to meanings have to be can. This is the language alive organism always changed and developed standing connected. Also, note that French is in the language some polysemantic words in another language similar ones but there are meaning and application differences to be can. For example, in French the word "Baiser" in the language one how many to the meaning have from them one said "kiss". the meaning means but Russian in the language this word another to the meaning has. From this, unclear words use French in the language speakers for difficulties giving birth can. For this reason that they are one how many to the meaning have to be and known one in the situation which from value use it is always clear that it is not all to difficulties although French in the language uncertain from words use his grammar and of the dictionary indispensable is part of Of them right use to the speaker own thoughts more precisely to express help will give and communication quality increases. So French in the language polysemantic words his of the dictionary important and complicated part from them use the language well to know and the context requires understanding said to stop our arrival can.

Summary:

Summary instead of that's it to say probably French in the language polysemantic words the language right to understand and in application Polysemy, important have. homonymy, antonymy, and synonymy such as semantic features learning a difficult subject, but their and meaning be used to understand misunderstandings and contact mistakes prevention to get help gives. Our research that's it shows that French in the language polysemantic words different in contexts with different meanings have to be it is possible while speakers and the writers of the word right the meaning by choosing the context account requires taking.

Books list:

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