



International Solidarity Is One of The Main Factors Of Our Development.

**Murzaeva Shakhlo
Bakhtiyorovna**

Tashkent Institute of Chemical Technology
Doctoral student of the Department of "Social and Political Sciences".

ABSTRACT

The article describes the role of international solidarity, mutual friendship and solidarity between representatives of different nationalities living in our country. At the same time, there was talk about ensuring interaction and cooperation with national-cultural centers and friendship societies located in the territory of the republic, about the unique national traditions of representatives of different nationalities and peoples living in our country.

Keywords:

Nation, Custom, Tradition, Value, Cultural Center, Harmony, Solidarity, Tolerance, Cultural Life.

Independence made fundamental changes in the fields of inter-ethnic relations and inter-religious harmony as well as in all areas of social life. These changes are reflected in the life of every citizen, regardless of nationality and religion. Of course, this process does not occur by itself, by chance, but it is a derivative of the fair policy of the state that is on the way to building a democratic society. Life experience proves that the state will be a leader and main reformer not only in the economic, social and political spheres, but also in ensuring friendly relations and tolerance between different nationalities and religions. Harmony in inter-ethnic and inter-confessional relations is the spiritual wealth of nations and has a positive effect on the political, social and economic development of states.

It is known that most ethnic groups living in the world do not have their own national states. Therefore, in multi-ethnic countries, the relationship between the main nation that gave its name to its state and the ethnic minority

living in this country remains one of the decisive conditions for internal political stability and national security.

Today, representatives of different nationalities living in our country are actively and freely participating in public administration, socio-economic and cultural life in response to the incomparable care shown to them. For example, today senators, deputies of the Legislative Chamber of the Oliy Majlis and local councils, heads of large enterprises and organizations are representatives of different nationalities. Many self-governing bodies in our towns and villages are headed by elders of Russian, Tatar, Kyrgyz, Kazakh, Ukrainian, Armenian, Tajik and other nationalities. This, in turn, gives them the responsibility to preserve our lifelong values, especially human virtues such as generosity and tolerance. He encourages other compatriots, who consider themselves children of this blessed land, to unite in the path of our great future. He invites all of us to care for the happiness and future of Uzbekistan, which is

considered our only Motherland, to be worthy successors of our ancestors, to constantly improve national values and traditions, and to leave them as a legacy for future generations. After gaining independence, Uzbekistan created equal conditions and opportunities not only for the indigenous population of the country - the Uzbek people, but also for representatives of different nationalities and peoples living in the holy land to preserve their language, culture, values and traditions as a nation. special attention was paid to giving. The country's leadership took measures to solve this issue by law. In this regard, work was conducted in our country, first of all, on the basis of Constitutional requirements. The attention of all classes of the population and representatives of different nationalities was focused on ensuring peace, tranquility and inter-ethnic harmony, strengthening the most important value facing the country - independence. Equality of all before the law was ensured. In the heart of every citizen, the sense of responsibility for a single land, a single space, a single homeland, serving the idea of "Uzbekistan - our common home" has been strengthened. The greatest wealth for mankind is peace, and the source of peace is harmony. Only in a corner where the principles of mutual harmony and friendship, tolerance and humanity are stable, can a person live freely and achieve any dream. From this point of view, our greatest wealth, our main achievement, as stated by our Head of State, is first of all, the purity of the sky of our Motherland, the atmosphere of national and civil harmony and solidarity, friendship and solidarity that prevails in our society. It is the sacred duty of all of us, regardless of who we are, to appreciate these blessings and protect our Motherland, where representatives of different nationalities and peoples live in harmony like children of the same family.

In today's turbulent and dangerous times, the world community is faced with the complex problems and dangers faced by humanity, and today life itself requires the unification of the efforts of all well-intentioned people, especially

neighboring countries, and the efforts of prestigious international organizations in order to prevent various threats. is doing. The stronger the mutual friendship between Uzbekistan, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the stronger our country will be.

In this regard, the Strategy of Actions on five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2017-2021, developed at the initiative of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.M. Mirziyoev, passed a wide public discussion and approved on February 7, 2017 special attention was paid to this issue. It is not for nothing that the fifth priority direction of this programmatic document is called "Ensuring security, interethnic harmony and religious tolerance, conduct of foreign policy in a deeply thought-out, mutually beneficial and practical spirit."¹ Based on this, a number of new legal mechanisms were adopted and put into practice. Based on this decree, the Committee on International Relations and Friendly Relations with Foreign Countries under the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan was established on the basis of the Republican International Cultural Center and Friendship Societies. For the first time in Uzbekistan's experience, the powers of the newly established committee have been expanded, and the consistent implementation of the state policy aimed at ensuring inter-ethnic harmony and tolerance in the society, creating an environment of friendship and a sense of a single multi-ethnic family. to strengthen, to educate young people in the spirit of respect for national and universal values, to ensure interaction and cooperation of state bodies with national-cultural centers and friendship societies located on the territory of the republic, to develop unique national traditions of representatives of different nationalities and peoples living in our country tasks such as assisting in the preservation and development of their motherland, traditions and customs, assisting and directly participating in the organization of scientific research works

¹ Collection of legal documents of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2017, No. 6, Article 70, No. 20, Article 354, No. 23, Article 448, No. 37, Article 982.

dedicated to the further development and harmonization of inter-ethnic relations and friendly relations with foreign countries ²was determined.

It is aimed at strengthening the independence and sovereignty of the state, the environment of security, stability and harmonious neighborliness in our region, strengthening religious tolerance and inter-ethnic harmony in order to increase the prestige of our country in the world community, and creating an environment of security, stability and close neighborliness around the country. Conducting a mutually beneficial and practical policy is the need of the hour.

Implementation of a complex of educational, informational and cultural-educational measures to study the history and traditions of the people of Uzbekistan; improvement of work on training, retraining and professional development of specialists of state bodies, as well as employees of other organizations in the field of further development of international relations and friendly relations with foreign countries is an urgent demand of today's reforms.

In this regard, the adoption of the Decree by the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on November 15, 2019 "On the approval of the concept of the state policy of the Republic of Uzbekistan in the field of inter-ethnic relations" ³was timely. As a result of the adoption and implementation of legal-normative documents on the development of national-cultural centers in Uzbekistan, the number of national-cultural centers and their effectiveness are increasing.

At this point, it should be noted that until today, in our country, specific practical work has been done in establishing inter-ethnic relations, and experience has been gained to the extent that it can be an example. In this way, it is possible to realize the national identity, to educate the sense of national pride and national pride, to preserve and respect the language, culture, customs and values of the nations, to consider the interests of the representatives of other

nations in the country in every way, and to ensure the general unity of the nations. Therefore, representatives of more than 130 nationalities and peoples living in the territory of our Republic live under the motto "Uzbekistan - our common home", "Uzbekistan - the only Motherland" and actively participate in the social and political life of society.

Today we can confidently say that we have created a unique model of inter-ethnic and inter-confessional harmony in our country. Multinationality and cultural diversity in our society is an inexhaustible part of the spiritual and educational wealth of our people. The promotion of reforms aimed at further strengthening inter-national and inter-state harmony in our country will serve to strengthen the fortress of friendship and solidarity. Therefore, the issue of tolerance has always been the basis of the policy of our peace-loving country. After all, in a country where unity is ensured, peace and stability prevail, and relations such as mutual trust and respect are fully resolved.

List of references:

1. Collection of legal documents of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2017, No. 6, Article 70, No. 20, Article 354, No. 23, Article 448, No. 37, Article 982.
2. Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated May 19, 2017 "On measures to further improve international relations and friendly relations with foreign countries" // <https://lex.uz/uz/docs/3210345>
3. <https://xs.uz/uzkr>

²Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated May 19, 2017 "On measures to further improve

international relations and friendly relations with foreign countries" // <https://lex.uz/uz/docs/3210345>

³<https://xs.uz/uzkr>