Eurasian Journal of Humanities and Source and the second second second second s		Business and its challenges in Georgia
Maia Aladashvili		Associate Professor Telavi StateUniversity named after YakobGogebashvili Faculty of Business, Law and Social Sciences.
Nanuli Khizanishvili		Associate Professor Telavi StateUniversity named after YakobGogebashvili Faculty of Business, Law and Social Sciences.
ABSTRACT	Insurance - is one of the financial tools of risk management, which allows to avoid financial losses caused by risk. Insurance has a great role and importance in the development of the public reproductive process. The importance of insurance is expressed in the so-called of insurance services that facilitate the expansion of the reproductive process of economic entities. Insurance, as a subset of financial relations, has a special role in the development of business and as an economic category, it is a system of economic relations, which enables the formation of funds and their use compensates losses in the event of various adverse cases. This paper presents the problems facing the insurance business in Georgia and their solutions.	
Keywords:		Insurance, Business, Risks, Financial Losses And Challenges.

Insurance plays an important role and importance in the development of the social reproductive process. The importance of insurance is expressed in the so-calledspecial insurance services, which contributes to the expansion of the reproduction process of economic entities. The main function of the insurance system is to assume part of the risk of households and firms. Insurance, as a subtype of financial relations, plays a special role in the development of businessand as an economic category, as well as represents the economic system of relations by which themonetary fundsare formed and used to compensatefor losses in various adverse events.

# 1) Insurance in Georgia

In Georgia, the first insurance company was founded in 1990. It was "Aldagi". As for theLaw, on Insurance was founded in 199to7. In the same year, the State Insurance Service was established,which is responsible for the supervision, licensing and control of insurance companies in Georgia.

In Georgia, thedreams of the private insurance industry were laid in the 90s. When a new product in the health sector, private health insurance, was introduced, a market shareoriented financial access strategy was used. Simply put, the public had the opportunity to purchase a very cheap health insurance product. If, on the one hand, at that time, we take into account the socio-economic situation in the country, this strategy can be considered the right decision.

# Overview of the insurance market in Georgia today

- As of September 30, 2020, 18 insurance companies were registered, 17 of them have a life and other insurance license, and only one ofthem, the license of another insurance; The leaders of the insurance market are, Imedi L"-attracted insurance premiumI58 million LAri, "Dhipiai" 56 million GEL and "Aldagi" 51 million GEL. It should be notedthat these three companies control 47% of the insurance a premium of 39 millionew lari and Ardi with 29 million lari.
- The insurance premium raised for 9 Masya residents of 2020from direct insurance activities amounted to513.4 million GEL. At the end of the same insurance period, the profit of insurers amounted to 126.7 million gel, and net profit amounted to 44.3 million gel.
- The total assets of insurance companies are GEL 979.9 million and the capital is GEL 282.7 million.
- Meditsin insurancestill occupies a leadingposition in thedistribution of attracted premiums, which is 37% of the sector's revenue. In Georgia, 16% of the population has private insurance. Asfor the second largest insurance market – auto insurance, then of all thoseregistered in the country

motor vehicles, only 6% are registered.

• The insurance sector is particularly successful in developed countries, as for Georgia, the picture is complicated in this direction. In particular, the total premium attracted by insurance companies in 2018 amounted to 542 million lari, which is 1.32% of the domestic product. So we are in the finite ranks of developed countries.

• Innovations in insurance

# Pensionreform

A type of pension insurance, which gives a guarantee that a retired person will receive a certain profit. Sometimes the pension is assigned on the basis of well-deserved length of service, but it is mainly based on contributions:a certain part of the salary is transferred weekly to the pensionfund, on the basis of which a person subsequently receives a pension.

Important changes occurred in the past year. Since January 1, 2019,a mandatory funded pensionprogram has beenlaunched. The pension program, which is known as 2 + 2 + 2, involves the calculation and accumulation of 6% of a citizen's salary in a pension agency monthly. Regardless of the consideration ofthepositive and negative aspects of the pension plan, it still had to be voluntary and the population should have distributed its savingson its own, in this casetherewas an expectation that the acti The cost of citizens will be low, and if the rule is adopted, the fund will be able to mobilize the maximum of funds.

# Problems of insurance companies and their ways in Georgia

As a result of the study, the following problems and their ways of solving them were revealed:

The development of insurance requires a high entrepreneurial insurance culture as a necessary prerequisite. Here such problems as unemployment of the country's population, a low level of general insurance culture and limited financial opportunities, as well as the lack of professional qualifications, highly qualified personnel and professional training systems are revealed, for the elimination of which it is necessary to take appropriate measures, which is reflected in the minimum insurance education of the population. At the same time, it is necessary to eliminate the information deficit in society, to create systems of professional training of insurance workers, which will make the insurance system more effective.

- Lack of trust This is the reason why a lot of people won't be ableto use different types of insurance. Manycompanies can't offerbenefits toconsumers. So most of the population considers insurance to be just one additional expense.
- 2) **There are** a lot of insurance firms in the market, and accordingly policyholders

face an intense challenge. Most insurance companies, especially new ones, are the most dubious companies. In fact, most people trust existing insurance companies to relateto somenew businesses. as new businesses operate with less capital compared to large companies, soit is hard to keep up with the small amount of money theyhave.

3) Economic instability At a time when the country's economy is unstable, each of thefucking companies begins to reagagiate.In such situations, insurance companies can raise their rates, as well as as as interest rates on credit lines increase from financial institutions. Of course, none of the clients will support this, even if the contract clearly states that insurance rates may change from time to time. Thus, such a situation can create a bad picture of the company, as customers can share information about the services and products that they use, that the price does not correspond to the service and therefore the company will lose customers.

#### Conclusion

As you can see, the insurance marketin Georgia is developing at a steadypace. From year to year, the company has a small increase in revenue and they can not really developit. Insurance is still a relationalpleasure forthe national market, and this requires a more stable economy and more customers with high incomes. One of the necessary conditions for its popularization may be the growth of economic well-being. The role of the state and the availability of compulsory insurance are also important so that the culture of insurance in society increases, and the insurance sector itself will become stronger and more diverse.

# **References:**

- 1. <u>https://matsne.gov.ge/ka/document/vi</u> <u>ew/29884?publication=28</u>
- 2. http://geoeconomics.ge/?p=806
- 3. http://geoeconomics.ge/?p=12502

- 4. http://insurance.gov.ge/ka/Statistics/G
  etFile/39?type=2
  - 5. https://commersant.ge/ge/post/2020wlis-6-tveshi-sadazgvevo-bazriswminda-mogeba-titqmis-gaormagda
  - 6. https://commersant.ge/ge/post/sadazg vevo-seqtori-kus-nabidjebit-vitardeba
  - https://gtu.ge/bef/pdf/Doqtorantura/a vtoreferatebi\_2016/Fin\_05.07.16/T.sim oidid not.pdf