



Service Activities Of The Internal Affairs Operations Employees Of Surxondaryo Region During The Years Of Independence: A Historical And Analytical Study

Suvonov Jamshid Mashrab
o'g'li

Independent Researcher, Termez State University
E-mail: suvonovjamshid1993@gmail.com
ORCID: 0009-0008-2997-1312

ABSTRACT

This article provides a historical and analytical study of the service activities of selected employees who served in the internal affairs bodies of the Surxondaryo Region during the years of independence of the Republic of Uzbekistan. The study analyzes the professional performance of personnel working in public safety, crime prevention, probation, migration and citizenship registration, countering terrorism and extremism, and operational-search operations. The findings highlight the effectiveness of the training systems and career advancement pathways within the internal affairs bodies.

Keywords:

Internal affairs bodies, Surxondaryo Region, prevention inspector, probation, public safety, counter-terrorism, migration, crime prevention.

INTRODUCTION

Following the independence of the Republic of Uzbekistan, extensive structural and institutional reforms were implemented within the system of internal affairs bodies. The primary objective of these reforms was to ensure public safety, protect the rights and freedoms of citizens, and improve the crime prevention framework. In particular, structuring the operations of regional internal affairs units in line with modern requirements, training qualified personnel, and enhancing their professional capacity have become key priorities of state policy.

The internal affairs bodies of the Surxondaryo Region actively participated in these developmental processes during the years of independence. Numerous officers serving in the region achieved significant results in combating crime, preventing offenses, countering terrorism and extremism, and ensuring public safety.

The purpose of this study is to examine the professional activities of selected employees who served in the internal affairs bodies of the Surxondaryo Region from a historical and

analytical perspective, and to highlight the outcomes of the institutional reforms through the lens of their career paths.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

In this study, the service activities of personnel who served in the internal affairs bodies of the Surxondaryo Region during the years of Uzbekistan's independence were examined through historical and analytical methods. The source base for this research comprises historical-biographical publications, books of remembrance, anniversary collections, and official service records dedicated to the operations of various district and city departments of internal affairs in the Surxondaryo Region.

The biographical profiles and service data of Mansur Namazovich Alladosov, Bakhtiyor Yuldashovich Egamberdiyev, Khayruddin Choriyevich Musilov, Nurmamat Abdurakhatovich Khaidarkulov, Olimjon Bozorovich Khamrayev, Sherqozi Tukhtashovich Khojamqulov, Badal Khurramovich Aymatov, Orol Karshiyevich Mamatqulov, and Bobomurod Boboqulovich Ghafforov—who served in the internal affairs

bodies of Termez city and the Angor, Sherobod, Qiziriq, Bandixon, Boysun, Shurchi, Denov, and Sariosiyo districts—were used as the research material.

The research process adhered to the principles of historicity, objectivity, and systemic analysis. Historical-comparative, biographical, analytical, and descriptive methods were employed to evaluate the employees' service activities. Through the historical-comparative method, institutional changes carried out within the internal affairs system across different periods were compared with the career progressions of individual officers. The biographical approach enabled the analysis of their education, entry into service, career promotion, and professional achievements.

Furthermore, the synthesized data was systematized using generalization methods to identify specific aspects of personnel training, operational management, and leadership development within the internal affairs departments. The research results provided a basis for evaluating the developmental trends of the internal affairs bodies of the Surxondaryo Region during the independence period, alongside the role of their personnel in maintaining public safety.

RESULTS

During the course of the study, the service records of personnel working across various departments within the internal affairs bodies of the Surxondaryo Region were analyzed. The gathered information sheds light on the professional development of personnel, career advancement ladders, and the practical outcomes of systemic reforms.

Major Mansur Namazovich Alladosov, Senior Inspector of the Probation Group of the Public Safety Service of the Termez City Department of Internal Affairs, was born on March 25, 1992, in the Chardzhou (Chorshangi) District of the Republic of Turkmenistan. He graduated from the Academy of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2015, having studied as a cadet from 2011 to 2015. Starting in 2015, he served as a prevention inspector and senior inspector within the crime prevention framework of the Termez City Department of Internal Affairs. Later, he held various positions

in the probation system, managing the execution of non-custodial sentences and coordinating operations with correctional institutions. Since October 2022, he has been serving as the Senior Inspector of the Probation Group of the Public Safety Service under the Termez City Department of Internal Affairs [1]. Major Bakhtiyor Yuldashovich Egamberdiyev served for many years in the crime prevention service of the Angor District Internal Affairs bodies. He worked as a prevention inspector starting in 2012, and was later promoted to senior prevention inspector. For his achievements and exemplary service, he was awarded the "Shuhrat" (Glory) medal by President Sh.M. Mirziyoyev on the occasion of the 31st anniversary of the Independence of the Republic of Uzbekistan [2].

Major Khayruddin Choriyevich Musilov, Head of the Crime Prevention Division of the Public Safety Service of the Sherobod District Department of Internal Affairs, was born on January 23, 1985, in the Boysun District. He graduated from Termez State University in 2008. He began his career in 2012 within the crime prevention department of the Muzrabot District Division of Internal Affairs. Later, he served in the Crime Prevention Department of the Regional Directorate of Internal Affairs, as Deputy Head of the Sherobod District Department of Internal Affairs for crime prevention issues, as well as in analysis and coordination units. Since 2021, he has been operating as the Head of the Crime Prevention Division of the Public Safety Service at the Sherobod District Department of Internal Affairs [3].

Lieutenant Colonel Nurmamat Abdurakhatovich Khaidarkulov, Head of the Public Safety Service of the Qiziriq District Department of Internal Affairs, was born on February 3, 1977, in the Jarqoqon District. He graduated from Tashkent State Agrarian University in 1998. In 2002, he started his service as a prevention inspector in the Qiziriq District Division of Internal Affairs. He subsequently held positions as senior inspector, served in leadership roles within the Termez and Sariosiyo District Departments of Internal Affairs, and as Deputy Head of the Uzun District

Division of Internal Affairs. He is recognized as a seasoned leader with over twenty years of experience in internal affairs organs [4].

Lieutenant Colonel Olimjon Bozorovich Khamrayev, First Deputy Head of the Bandixon District Department of Internal Affairs and Head of the Operational-Search Service, was born on October 12, 1977, in the Muzrabot District. He graduated from Tashkent State University named after Mirzo Ulugbek in 1999. He began his career as a prevention inspector and later served in criminal investigation, combating organized crime, and countering illicit drug trafficking. From 2017 to 2021, he held the position of Deputy Head of the Angor District Department of Internal Affairs [5].

Major Sherqozi Tukhtashovich Khojamqulov, Head of the Criminal Investigation Division of the Operational-Search Service of the Boysun District Department of Internal Affairs, was born on June 5, 1984, in the Sherobod District. He graduated from Termez State University in 2010 with a degree in mathematics. He has been working productively in combating crime, tracking wanted individuals, locating missing citizens, and solving cold cases. The officer's leadership qualities and team-management skills have been widely acknowledged [6].

Lieutenant Colonel Badal Khurramovich Aymatov, Senior Prevention Inspector of the Crime Prevention Division of the Public Safety Service of the Shurchi District Department of Internal Affairs, was born in 1976 in the Shurchi District. He graduated from Termez State University in 1998. Since 2001, he has served in various capacities in crime prevention across the Bandixon and Shurchi districts, gaining extensive experience in preventing juvenile delinquency, addressing lack of parental supervision, and organizing prevention initiatives [7].

Major Orol Karshiyevich Mamatqulov, Head of the Migration and Citizenship Registration Department of the Denov District Department of Internal Affairs, was born on December 18, 1980, in the Denov District. He graduated from Termez State University in 2002. He launched his career within the internal affairs bodies in 2005 in the Traffic Safety Division of the Uzun District Department of Internal Affairs. Later, he

occupied managerial positions within the migration and citizenship registration units in Uzun, Oltinsoy, Qumqoqon, and Sariosiyo districts. Since 2019, he has been leading the Migration and Citizenship Registration Department of the Denov District Department of Internal Affairs [8].

Major Bobomurod Boboqulovich Ghafforov, Head of the Counter-Terrorism and Extremism Division of the Sariosiyo District Department of Internal Affairs, was born on January 20, 1989, in the Sariosiyo District. He graduated from the Academy of the Ministry of Internal Affairs in 2012. He began his service as an operative in the criminal investigation unit. He has been active in counter-terrorism and extremism since 2017 and has led the division since 2019 [9].

DISCUSSION

The biographical data analyzed demonstrates that personnel policy within the internal affairs bodies of the Surxondaryo Region has been consistently and effectively structured. The majority of these officers initiated their service in foundational positions, such as prevention inspectors or operational officers, and were subsequently appointed to higher leadership posts based on their field performance and accumulated experience.

This pattern confirms that the principle of step-by-step career advancement works effectively in practice within internal affairs units. Notably, the experience gained within crime prevention services has proven to be a critical factor in succeeding in subsequent managerial roles.

The analyses indicate that during the years of independence, the operations of internal affairs bodies expanded beyond conventional crime-fighting to cultivate newer branches, including crime prevention, probation, migration, and counter-terrorism/extremism. This signals a meaningful qualitative expansion of internal affairs activities, showing adaptability to contemporary security demands.

Additionally, the conferring of state awards upon specific officers proves that the system's performance incentive mechanisms operate effectively.

CONCLUSION

The career trajectories of personnel who served within the internal affairs bodies of the

Surxondaryo Region during the independence era show that their service played a crucial role in maintaining law and order and reinforcing public safety across the region.

The findings of this study allow for the following conclusions:

A robust and efficient framework for training personnel and climbing the career ladder has taken shape within the internal affairs bodies.

Crime prevention work functioned as an indispensable training ground for the professional development of future leaders.

During the years of independence, new dimensions of internal affairs operations emerged and evolved, such as probation, migration services, and counter-terrorism.

The professional expertise and dedication of the personnel have served as crucial factors in ensuring regional stability and public safety.

The practical experiences of the internal affairs officers of the Surxondaryo Region serve as an important academic resource for studying the history of the sector.

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