	Of Jks-1 Malein Sopolymer Additive On The Physical And Mechanical Properties Of Cement Binder					
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The article presents properties of the cer	the results obtained in determining the physical and mechanical nent composition with JKS-1 malien copolymer chemical additive.					
Keywords:	Portland cement, JKS-1 maleic copolymer chemical additive, density, strength, physico-chemical and physico-mechanical properties.					

The creation of energy and resourceenvironmentally safe saving cement compositions for buildings and structures and the introduction of innovative technologies in construction industry is an urgent the problem of today. In the science of concrete science, it is important to create fasthardening, high-strength compositions that are resistant to operational conditions. In this field, the use of new types of chemical complexes is highly effective. In particular, the creation and introduction of new generation superplasticizers into concrete technology differs from the previous ones in terms of energy and resource efficiency. With the use of these additives in concrete technology, it is possible to increase the flexibility of the

mixture, its initial strength by 30-50%, improve its cold resistance, density and other properties. In this case, the temperature and time of heat treatment of concrete products are drastically reduced [1].

To improve the quality of cement compositions, it is very important to use highly effective plasticizing additives. Superplasticizers - organic chemical additives are used in the construction industry in order to regulate the structure formation processes and rheological properties of concentrated suspensions, which allow to change the mobility (spreadability) of raw materials and the properties of finished products according to the purpose. One of the urgent tasks is the research on identifying and finding new

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effective additives that allow modification of the surface of the phase part [2].

Research work was carried out to determine the physico-chemical and physicomechanical properties of JKS-1 malien copolymer chemical additives in cementitious compositions used in concrete and reinforced concrete structures used in various buildings and structures [3].

Table 1.
Mineralogical composition of cements

		Aı	nounts of m	Additive amounts			
No	Type of cement	C 3 S	C 2 S	СзА	C 4 AF	Opoka	SO 3
1	PTs400 D0	57	21	4.6	14	8	2.2
2	PTs400 D20	54	20	11	12	9.2	2.8
3	PTs500 D0	62	17	4	14	-	0.09

Table 2.Chemical composition of cements

No	Type of		Chemical composition ,%						
NO	cement	SiO2 _	Al 2 O 3	Fe 2 O 3	CaO	MgO	SO 3	Alkali	CaO
1	PTs400 D0	22.55	4.75	4.7	65.04	1.73	0.21	0.62	0.16
2	PTs400 D20	22.1	5.0	9.0	64.0	0.92	0.94	1.01	0.27
3	PTs500 D0	21.75	4.91	4.62	66.2	1.73	0.21	0.62	0.16

The relative surfaces of the mentioned cements are $3000-3500 \text{ sm}^2$ /g located in the interval. The physico-mechanical properties of the cement stone and cement-sand mixture with the additives being studied in these cements were determined. GOST 310.1-76 of

specified cements " Tsementy. Clinical method. Obshchie pologenia " and GOST 310.4-81 " Cementy " . "Metody opredeleniya predela prochnosti pri izgibe i sjatii " [4] determined according to physical and mechanical properties are presented in Table 3.

Table 3. Physical and mechanical parameters of cements

Physical and mechanical properties	Type of cement				
r nystear and meenanical properties	1	2	3		
Actual density, g/cm ³	3.1	3.1	3.1		
Bulk density, kg/m ³	1.3	1.3	1.3		
1. Standard density , %	28,0	27.0	25.0		
2. Joining periods , hours - min.					
- the beginning	1 - 45	2-15	2 - 55		
- ending	4-50_	4-5 5 _	6-10		
3. Fineness , %	6.0	8, 0	8.2		
4. Strength limit on the 28th day , MPa:					
- in compression	20.0 _	19,3 _	18.0 _		
- in bending	7.1	6,4 _	6.5 _		
Uniformity of volume change	At one time	At one time	At one		
onnormity of volume change	At one time	At one time	time		

Samples made of cement-sand mixture in 20x20x20 mm cubes, dried at a temperature of 105°C until a constant mass is formed GOST

310.4-81 "Tsementy". Methody opredelenia predela prochnosti pri izgibe i sjatii was determined according to " [5].

Table 4

No	Types of	The composition of	Setting time of ceme	nt sample, hour-min.
	attachment	additives relative to	Kazakhstan M500+	Oxangaroncement
		the mass of cement,		M400 D0
		%		
1	An	0	- start 3 ⁴⁰	- start at 4 00
	unsupplemented		- end at 5 00	- end at 6 ⁰⁰
	control sample			
2	JKS-1	0.2	- start at 3 00	- start 3 ²⁰
			- end 4 ⁴⁵	- end at 5 ³⁰
3	JKS-1	0.4	- start 2 ⁵⁰	- start at 3 00
			- end 5 ¹⁵	- end at 5 00
4	JKS-1	0.6	- start 2 ³⁰	- start at 3 00
			- end at 4 ⁰⁰	- end 4 ³⁰
5	JKS-1	0.8	- start at 3 00	- start 3 ³⁰
			- end at 5 ³⁰	- end at 6 ⁰⁰
	JKS-1	1.0	- start 3 ²⁰	- start 3 ³⁰
			- end at 5 00	- end 5 ⁵⁰

Effect of JKS-1 malien copolymers on setting time of cement paste

The addition of JKS-1 malien copolymer chemical additive to concrete mixes significantly changes their properties. JKS-1 increases the mobility of the cement mixture with malien copolymer, improves the properties of convenient placement, reduces the water requirement, etc.

The introduction of JKS-1 malien copolymer reduces the ratio of water and cement, the reduction of water consumption leads to an increase in concrete strength characteristics, all of which opens up the possibilities of obtaining high-strength concrete. Such aspects have a positive effect on the long service life of concrete, that is, on its durability.

The results of studies conducted at Tashkent University of Architecture and Construction "Construction Materials" scientific research laboratory to determine the composition of mixtures with JKS-1 maleic copolymer additives showed that JKS-1 additive has the best operational properties.

Experimental studies were carried out in Tashkent University of Architecture and Construction "Construction Materials" scientific-research laboratory in order to approve the obtained results, to study the effect of JKS-1 maleic copolymer chemical additive on the physical and mechanical properties of cement compositions. All the researches were carried out according to the standard 30459-2008 Interstate GOST "Dobavki dlya betonov i stroitelnyx rastrovov. Opredelenie i otsenka effektivnosti" was performed accordance in with the requirements [6].

5 – table.

Dependence of the compressive strength of the cementitious composition on the amount of JKS-1 malien copolymer

		Compressive strength of cementitious						
t/r	the cement mass relatively JK S-1, in %	composition (MPa) in days						
		1	3	7	14	28		
1	An unsupplemented control sample	11.4	16.7	11.6	15.2	15.8		
2	0.2	12.2	17.8	18.2	18.8	21.5		
3	0.4	10.2	17.2	17.8	18.3	19.5		
4	0, 6	11.2	16.5	17.2	18.2	19.2		
5	0, 8	10.5	16.5	17.5	18.2	19.0		

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	6	1.0	11.5	14.5	16.3	17.8	18.5	

Based on the results of the analysis of the experimental studies conducted on the study of the rheological properties of the cement mixture, the following was established: the best results were observed in the mixture with 0.2% amount of additives.

Based on the analysis of the conducted studies, it was established that the strength of the cement mixture increased by 15-20% compared to the control composition, and the water absorption decreased by 12-15%. It was found that the properties of concrete with 0.2%

JKS-1 addition are higher than those of concrete with 0.4, 0.6, 1,0% JKS-1 addition. Accordingly, JKS-1 malien copolymers increase the strength of concrete during the entire period of hardening. However, the greatest increase in strength was observed in the first three days. In this case, the highest strength is provided when JKS-1 additive is added in the amount of 0.2%. For 14 days, the compressive strength reaches 35% compared to the design strength of concrete [7].



Time, in days

1 without suffix; 2- 0.2% JKS-1; 3- 0.4% JKS-1; 4 -0.6% JKS-1; 5 - 0.8% JKS-1; 6 - compressive

Thus, according to the results of the conducted research, it was found that the best effect on the physical and mechanical properties of the cement composition can be achieved when adding JKS-1 malien copolymer chemical additive in the amount of 0.2 % by mass of portland cement.

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