



Smart Mind Control Drone

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ABSTRACT

Small pilot machines that can do everything in this article. When I had the opportunity to do a project with great technology, I was determined to make the dream of the world come true by driving a drone with your mind.

Keywords:

Smart mind Control Drone, PCB, Parts list, Notices, Digital to analogue, Arduino Circuit

Introduction

I find drones fascinating, those little flying machines that can do about anything. When I got the opportunity to do a project with cool technology I decided to make a boy's dream come true, controlling a drone with your mind.

In the research, I did for this project I didn't find any tutorials that covers how you can hack a drone controller easily. Most of the tutorials available are about how you can create your own drone using an Arduino or how to hack the transmission protocol.

This tutorial covers the most basic concept of hacking a PCB to control it digitally. The aim of this tutorial is to learn you the basic concepts that will enable you to experiment on your own with a drone and create something fun.

Notices

You potentially can kill your drone or the controller and make it unusable.

This project will not cover how to steer your drone only lift-off and landing.

You don't necessarily need a MindWave / EEG sensor, you can use any input you want. But controlling a drone with your mind is pure awesomeness!

Skills you need

This tutorial assumes you have some kind of experience with soldering and desoldering.

Parts list

- Drone + controller
- Soldering Station + accessories (braided copper wire, desolder pump, helping hand, solid core wires, tin)
- Multimeter
- MindWave sensor
- Arduino MKR1000
- Breadboard
- 4x 100uF capacitors
- 4x 220Ω Resistors
- 12x Jumper wires
- 6 Crocodile clip wires (optional)

You also need 4 resistors with an not yet know resistance value.

Phase 1: Drone PCB

You can use almost any drone you want. Most of the controllers work with two-axis joysticks. Those joysticks we are going to bypass.

First, open the case of your controller. This controller uses two 1.5v batteries which are approximate 3.3v. This value is the same as the output of the Arduino MKR1000. It is possible to use another Arduino of your liking, but be aware you can break the circuit board if you give it more voltage that the PCB can handle. (I speak from experience.)



1-Figure

Mesure with a multi-meter what the middle, high and low voltages are of the joysticks once powered. Write them down for later use.



2-Figure Desolder the joystick components from the PCB.



2-Figure

In reality these joystick components are just potentiometers. A potentiometer is an analogue variable resistor. You can measure the maximum resistance with an multimeter. Connect the multimeter to the + and - to read the resistance.

Solder (in this case 10Ω resistors) 4 resistors on the holes of the + and - of the joysticks to complete the circuit. Also, solder solid core wires to the + (B+ on this board) and - (B- on this board) ports on the PCB. And solder solid core wires to the signal ports of the joysticks.

Now you have prepared your controller for the next step.

Phase 2: Digital to analogue

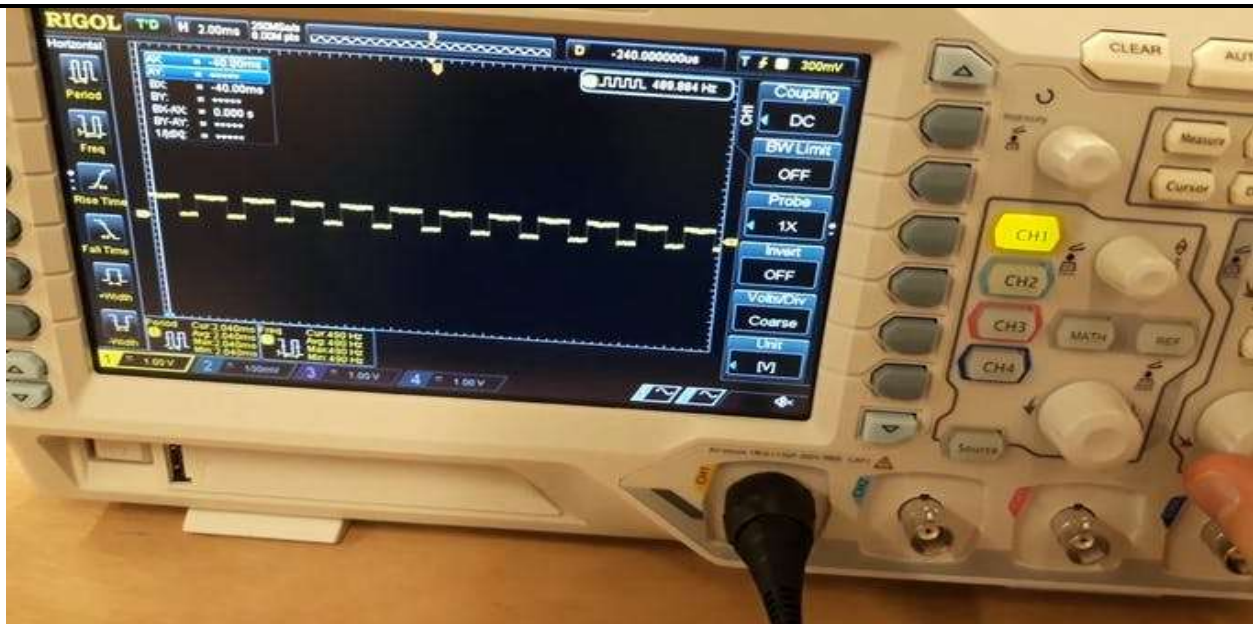
When you use AnalogWrite on with your Arduino the output will be a PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) signal. The win will turn its own value HIGH and LOW in a determined frequency.

Our prepared PCB does not like PWM, it is expecting a steady voltage.

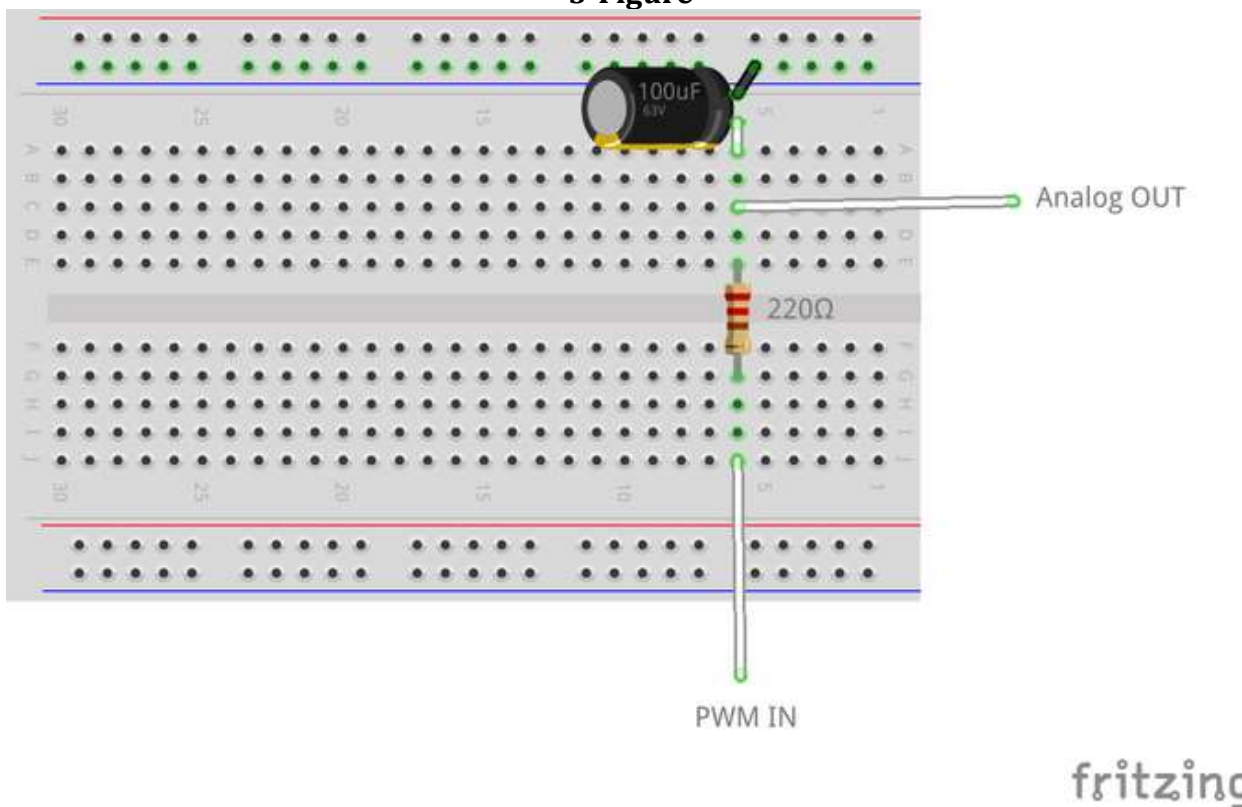
To create an analogue value we can use a variety of digital to analogue converters like a DAC chip or an RF Ladder filter.

Because of that I want to keep this project so simple as possible I will learn you how to use a Low Pass Filter, that will give us the desired output.

To create a Low pass filter you need a capacitor and a resistor.



3-Figure

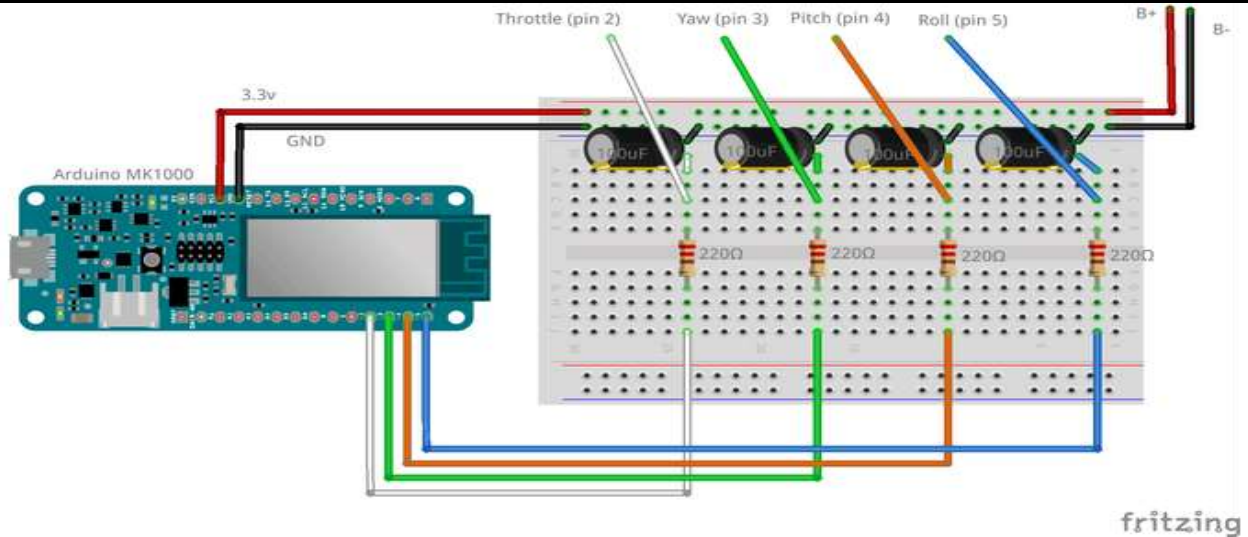


4-Figure

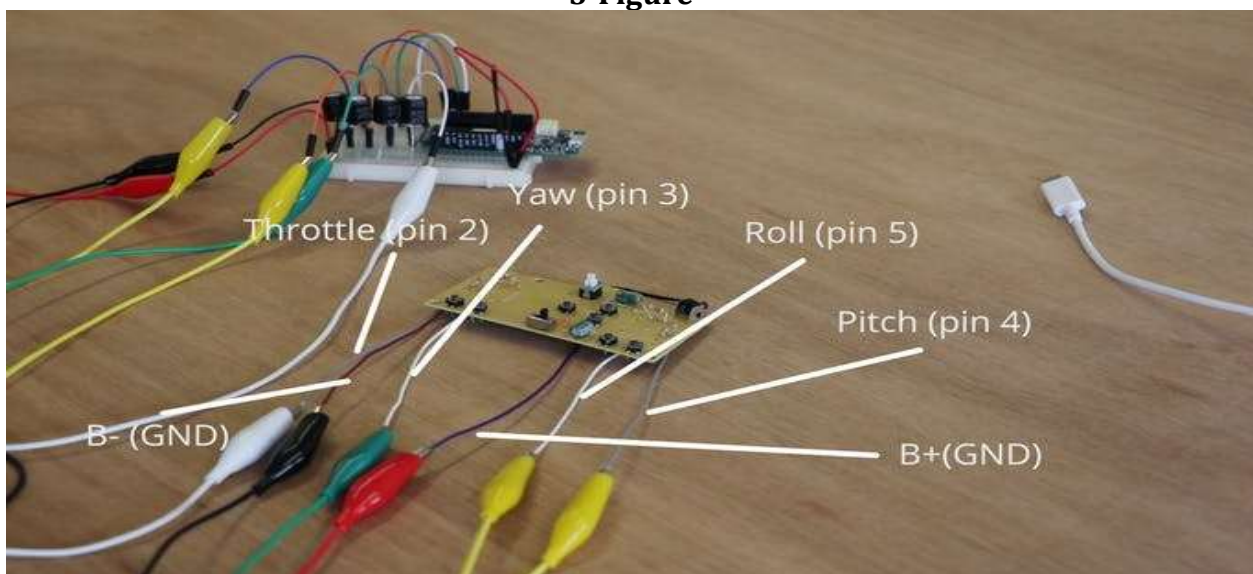
Phase 3: The Arduino Circuit

One of the characteristics of a low pass filter is that the analogue voltage will gradually change (it takes some time). This circuit works best for me because it gives me the desired outcome and uses a low amount of parts.

The main part of our circuit is the low pass filter we created recently. Make four of them in a row and we have an analogue voltage for all four of the controller inputs.



5-Figure



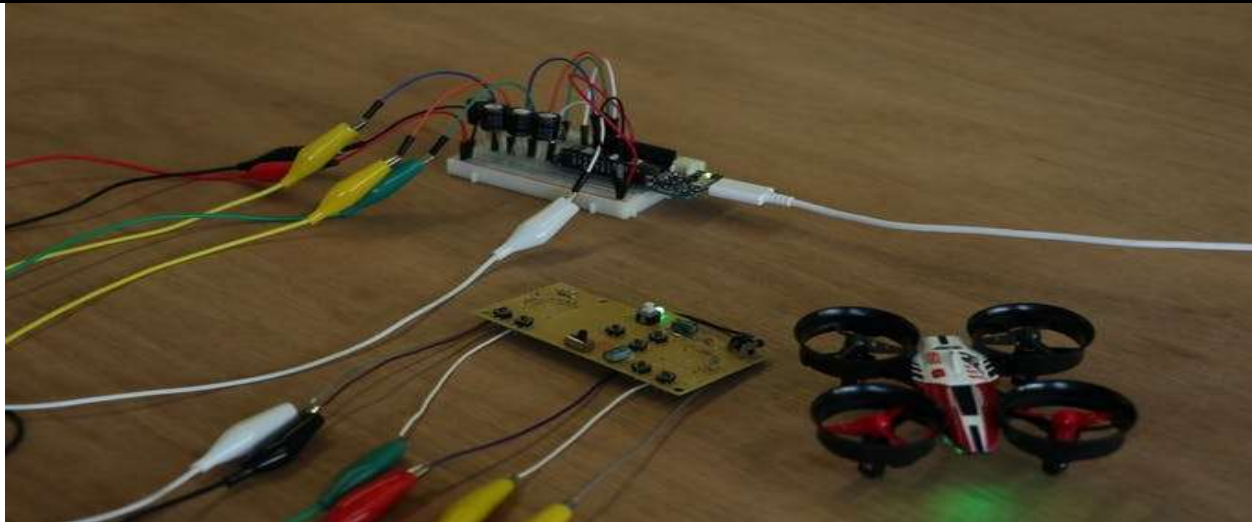
6-Figure

The standard drone layout is as followed:

- Throttle => up / down on the left side of the controller
- Yaw => left / right on the left side of the controller
- Pitch => up / down on the right side of the controller
- Roll => left / right on the right side of the controller

Once everything is connected you can upload your sketch to your Arduino MKR1000. You can find the sketch at the bottom of this tutorial.

The Arduino will replace the batteries and can send signals (as voltages) to the bypassed joysticks. At this moment you can build your own programs en experiments to control the drone with PWM



7-Figure

I will now show you how to use Processing and a MindWave sensor to lift-off the drone.

Phase 4: Mind control

Install all the drivers on your computer.
This MindWave sensor comes with a CD

Pair the MindWave sensor to your computer with Bluetooth. Hold on button up for 3 seconds and the blue led will blink twice, it is now discoverable.



8-Figure

Once connected you start processing.

Install the MindSet library created by Jorge C. S Cardoso for processing from <http://jorgecardoso.eu/processing/MindSetProcessing/#download>

Unzip the library in your libraries folder. You can find the libraries folder in your processing folder.

Make sure your com-ports are correct in the setup, or you will end up with an error.

You can find the com-ports in your device manager.

You can also find the com-port of the Arduino under "Tools" in the Arduino IDE at "Port"

You can also find the com-port of the MindWave sensor in the ThinkGear Connector Preferences (you get this program when you instal the drivers) under "Options"

```
receiver = new Serial(this, "COM10", 115200);
```

```
mindSet = new MindSet(this, "COM5");
```

Processing communicates with your Arduino via Serial. You can alter the Processing code to your liking, read the comments in the sketch to understand what is going on.

Run your Processing sketch and concentrate on your drone. When your concentration level goes above 40% the drone will lift off. How harder you concentrate the more aggressive the drone will be. You can land the drone by letting your mind wander off and stop concentrating.

Conclusion

I hope this tutorial gave you some insight on how simple it can be to hack a drone controller (or any PCB) and give it another input. You can figure out with experimentation how to get other inputs to control and how to make other movements in addition to lift-off and land.

I am excited to see what cool stuff you guys will make!

```
/*
 * Drone mind control
 *
 * This sketch sends Serial values to an
 receiver receiver
 *
 * The input is generated via a Neurosky
 MindSet Mobile headset
 *
 * Created 21 March 2018
 * By Wesley Hartogs
 * Communication and Multimedia
 Design
 * Avans University of Applied Sciences
 *
 */
```

```
*
*/

// import Serial library
import processing.serial.*;

// Define receiver Serial
Serial receiver ;

// Import MindSet library
import
pt.citar.diablu.processing.mindset.*;
MindSet mindSet;

// Set inital values
int throttle = 0;
int yaw = 127;
int pitch = 127;
int roll = 127;

void setup() {

size(150, 500);

// Initiate Serial communication at
COM10
receiver = new Serial(this, "COM10",
115200);

// Initiate MindSet communication
// The MindSet uses Bluetooth Serial
communication,
// Check the COM-pot in the ThinkGear
Connector in your Device Manager
mindSet = new MindSet(this, "COM5");

// Enable anti-aliasing
smooth();

// Set stroke properties
strokeWeight(5);
stroke(255);
strokeCap(SQUARE);

// Set line colour
fill(255);

} // setup()
```

```

void draw()
{
// Start with a black background
background(0);

// Draw horizontal line to at 40% from
bottom
// This line indicates the minimum
(40%) attention needed
line( 0, height*0.60, width, height*.60);

// Draw a line from the horizontal
center upwards
// This line gives an indication of your
attention
// The height is mapped in reverse to get
a percentage from top
// Example: by 40% (0.4) attention the
height value is (100 - 40) 60% (0.6) from top
line( width*.5, height, width*.5,
height*map( float( attentionLevel ) / 100, 0, 1,
1, 0 ) );

// Push the attention level to the throttle
variable
// 40 = minimum attention needed to do
something
// 100 = maximum attention
// 30 = 8-bit min value for Arduino
// 255 = 8-bit max value for Arduino
throttle = int( map( attentionLevel, 40,
100, 30, 255 ) );

// Constrain values to 8 bit values to
prevent errors
throttle = constrain( throttle, 0, 255);
pitch = constrain( pitch, 0, 255);
roll = constrain( roll, 0, 255);
yaw = constrain( yaw, 0, 255);

// When there is communication
possible send the values to the Arduino
receiver
if ( receiver .available() > 0)
{
println( "attentionLevel:
"+attentionLevel+" throttle: "+throttle+" yaw:
"+yaw+" pitch: "+pitch+" roll: "+roll );

```

```

receiver .write( "throttle: "+throttle+"
yaw: "+yaw+" pitch: "+pitch+" roll: "+roll );
}

} // draw()

// Killswitch, press K to reset and close
the program
void keyPressed() {
if (key == 'k' || key == ESC) {
if ( receiver .available() > 0)
{
receiver .write("throttle: "+0+" yaw:
"+127+" pitch: "+127+" roll: "+127);
exit();
}
}
}

// MindSet variables and functions
int signalStrenght = 0;
int attentionLevel = 0;

public void attentionEvent( int
attentionLevel_val )
{
attentionLevel = attentionLevel_val;
}
public void poorSignalEvent( int
signalNoise )
{
// MindSet is adjusting
if ( signalNoise == 200 ) {
println( "Mindset is not touching your
skin!");
}
signalStrenght = int( map( ( 200-
signalNoise ), 200, 0, 100, 0 ) );
println( "Signal strength: " +
signalStrenght + "%" );
}
}

```

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